THE ANTIOCH NEWS.

Pledged to The Republican Policy of Reciprocity and Protection to American Industries, as Formulated in The Republican National Platform.

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LOCAL HAPPENINGS

What Antioch People Are Doing and Where They Go--Other News

SOMETHING ABOUT YOUR NEIGHBORS

Short Local News Gathered in Our Journeyings About the Town, and Which You Should Know

ELGIN, ILL., Feb. 19—Butter firm at 28c. Output of the week, 420,000.

Three cans of corn for 10 cents at Williams Bros.

J. B. Burnett spent Tuesday in Waukegan,

Mrs. Shaffer of Grayslake was an Antioch caller Tuesday.

J. C. James, Jr., transacted business in Waukegan Monday.

Andrew White of Waukegan was calling on Antioch friends Monday.

For Rent—A farm of 112 acres. Inquire at this office. 25tf

Mr. and Mrs. M. J. Weber spent Sunday with relatives in Kenosha.

Oriole seeded raisons 10 per package or 3 for twenty-five cents at Williams Bros.

For Sale Cheap—A good aged brood mare, in foal to the Voltz horse. E. B. Williams. 25tf

Mrs. E. L. Simons and Mrs. Carrie Hook were over Sunday visitors with friends in Waukegan.

Harrison Jones is this week moving into the house which he recently purchased of Mr. Giddings.

New and second hand pianos and sewing machines for sale or rent, or will trade for horses. L. B. Grice. 20tf

Order your boats for next summer now, and save money. See my samples. Fran Savage, Grass Lake. 24w4

Go to Jos. Cohn's and see a new patent lamp burner. It is always bright, clean and odorless, and saves half the oil.

From two to four thousand dollars to loan on good security, on and after March first. Lock Box 23, Antioch, Ill. 26tf

We have just received our spring goods and they are worth coming miles to see, and the prices are right. John Engman.

Our new spring goods have been arriving all the week and we can show you the finest line ever brought to Antioch. John Engman.

Miss Emmert will examaine your eyes free a the Lux hotel on Thursday, March 1, and if you need glasses, she will furnish the very best at reasonable prices.

Antioch M. E. Church, Rev. McNamar, pastor. Preaching Sunday morning, subject, A Wonderful Woman. Evening subject Hear ye Him. A cordial welcome to all.

For Sale—Large steam, paddle wheel launch. The boat is well known in the neighborhood as fast and reliable, and will run in the most shallow waters. Boat can be seen at Venn's Island. 26w4

For Rent—A farm consisting of 170 acres. Good buildings and in a good location. Rent $2.20 per acre. Apply to F. R. Snyder, Bristol, Wis. 27tf

Charles Powles and family will move this week into the Eugene Smith house on Lake street, recently occupied by Mrs. J. L. Harden, who has moved back to the farm.

Five dollars reward for the return to Allendale farm, Lake Villa, Ill., of a black and white collie bitch, named Kate, with tan colored spots on face and head. Lost or stolen Monday, Feb., 5. Edward L. Bradley, Director.

There will be a dance given by the Court of Honor, at the opera house, on Friday evening March 2, for the benefit of Orin Olcott whose wife has been sick all winter. Tickets 75 cents supper 25 cents extra. Everybody come.

For Sale or Trade—W. R. Fishel strain of White Plymouth Rock roosters. The best in the county and probably in the state. What have you? Call on or address H. P. Lowry, East Side hotel, Fox Lake, Ill. 20w4

Young people wanted to learn telegraphy. Railroads and telegraph companies need operators badly. Total cost, six months' course at our school, tuition (telegraphy and typewriting), board and room, $21; this can be reduced. Catalogue free. Dodge's Institute, Monroe street, Valparaiso, Indiana. 20m3

Monday Morning soap, 2 cents a bar at Williams Bros.

George Wallis is spending this week in Waukegan.

L. B. Grice was transacting business in Chicago Monday.

A. D. Webb of Waukegan was an Antioch visitor Saturday.

Mr. and Mrs. J. H. Swan were over Sunday visitors at Libertyville.

Miss Libbie Webb of Chicago was visiting her parents here over Sunday.

Miss Lelia Webb and Miss Grace Welch were Waukegan visitors over Sunday.

Mrs. G. D. Stanton of Doniphan, Mo., is visiting with her parents at this place.

Mrs. Earl Webb of Wankegan is visiting at the home of her father, T. A. Emmons.

D. A. Williams and A. N. Tiffany attended the meeting of the County Central Committee at Waukegan on Tuesday.

Write to Alden, Bidinger & Co., Waukegan, Ill., for prices and terms on new and used pianos and organs. 6tf

Our new spring footwear for ladies, gents, boys and Misses have arrived, and we are selling them at the lowest possible prices. John Engman.

The Womans Home Missionary society will hold it regular meeting on Wednesday afternoon, Feb. 28, at the home of Mrs. Ferris. Mrs. Welch, sec'y.

My new spring stock of shoes have arrived and I invite the people of Antioch and the surrounding country to call and see them. Lowest possible prices will prevail. John Engman.

We are informed that at a meeting of the directors of the Columbia Club at Fox Lake it was decided that a new hotel should be erected on the site of the old one that was burned last fall. A committee was also appointed to secure plans for the same.

We are informed that Dr. Karr and family who have for the past year resided at Chetek Wis., having sold their farm, have decided to leave that place and again locate at Gas, Kansas, where they spent a couple of years before going to Chetek. They expect to start for Kansas on Monday of next week.

Miss Emmert the optician will make her regular visit to Antioch Tuesday March 1 She will be at the Lux hotel giving free examinations of eyes. Come and have your eyes examined without cost and bring your glasses that are not just right. She will tell you what is wrong with them. No one urged to buy.

On Saturday afternoon of last week about fifteen of the friends of Mrs. R. D. Emmons gave her a surprise, the occasion being her birthday. The afternoon was pleasantly spent in social converse and at about half past five o'clock a bounteous supper was served, after which all departed wishing their hostess many happy returns of the day.

The inovation by Chicago department stores of free delivery of packages in Libertyville is only another argument for more agressive advertising by the home merchants. If the home merchant will not tell the public of his wares, of the special sales he at times inaugurates and the particular bargains to be found in his store, he must make way for the fellow who does. The great volume of business these department stores enjoy is largely attracted through advertising and the home merchant who will not bid as energetically as city merchants for the trade right at his door makes a grave mistake. —Libertyville Independent.

ZIONITES GIVE UP WEALTH

Urged by the stiring appeals of their new leader, Overseer Voliva, Zion people rallied to the financial rescue of the city and its industries Sunday. As a result the sum asked for, $40,000, was practically realized. Said Overseer Voliva:

"I want you to self sacrifice until your skin is worn off."

A table in front of the pulpit was soon loaded with wealth. Zionites came forward and contributed hundred dollar bills and other money, their bank books, silver, diamonds, some giving every cent they had. The overseer had asked for $40,000 to keep the printing works going and to put the educational system on a firm basis. Little tots marched up and laid down their cherished trinkets, old white haired men offered their savings of years, rings were taken from fingers and pins from clothes, all were imbuded with the self-sacrificing spirit. Voliva himself gave up his watch, a gift from his mother when he was a boy. His wife deposited her jewels in the coll[illegible]

NEW ELECTRIC ROAD

Survey for Kenosha and Lake Geneva R. R. is Approved by People

THE LINE TO TOUCH THIS VILLAGE

Proposed Line Will be Great Benefit to all the Towns and Lakes Now Without Railroad Facilities

The Kenosha News of Saturday says: The preliminary survey for the proposed line of the Chicago, Kenosha, Milwaukee and Lake Geneva Railway, which is now being made, has aroused enthusiasm among the people in the western part of the county, and especially those who are interested directly in the lake districts. James H. McVey, of Camp Lake, the proprietor of the Camp Lake hotel, was in Kenosha today, and he stated that the people in that section of the county were anxious to secure closer relations with Kenosha, and that the Kenosha and Lake Geneva electric seems to solve the problem. The preliminary survey, which is now being made, provides for the building of a line straight west from Kenosha to Paddock's Lake, and this will be the first of a long series of lakes touched by the line. From Paddock's Lake it is planned to extend the line to Salem, where Hooker Lake and several other small lakes are located. From Salem the line is to run to Camp Lake, and from Camp Lake to the resorts at Silver Lake. From Silver Lake the route proposed leads over to Wilmot, and from Wilmot to Twin Lakes, and thence to Power's Lake and Lake Geneva.

This route includes every important resort center in Kenosha county. It is possible that the line will be turned a little to the south in order to take in a number of the smaller lakes in Northern Illinois and the village of Antioch. This village has a big summer resort business, and at the present time it is very difficult for resorters to reach the village.

The line will open up for Kenosha trade a country which has largely been left without development in the past few years. The line to Powers Lake, Wilmot and Camp Lake will be especially valuable, as these communities in the past have been practically without a direct connection with Kenosha.

The managers of the different resorts in the county see in the line a great aid to their business, and it is probable that all of these people will be allies of the railway company. It is not thought that the company will have a difficult time securing the right of way necessary for the building of the road. Kenosha people would welcome the building of the line to Paddock's Lake, as that lake has always been one of the favorite pleasure grounds for the people of Kenosha, and the Old Settlers' Club would reap a big harvest when the line is ready for use.

It is possible that this survey will not meet with the demands of the officials of the new company, but the route laid out is certainly one of the best that could be selected as a connection for Kenosha and Lake Geneva.

Surprise Parties.

Mr. and Mrs. Edwin Wilton and family were pleasantly surprised on Thursday evening of last week when a number of their friends arrived and expressed their intention of spending the evening. However they soon regained their composure and the evening was much enjoyed by all. Those who had the pleasure of being present were. Messrs and Mesdames. Lynch, Keifer, Hunter, Runyard, VanPatten, Turner, Wilton, Mesdames Harrison, LaPlant, and Gilbert, Misses L. LaPlant, E. Hunter J. Runyard, Messrs O. Hunter, A. Runyard, C. Hunter, W. Hunter, S. Gilbert, J. VanPatten, C. Harden, T. Emmons, and E. Hunter.

Mr. and Mrs. Joseph Turner were the victims of a pleasant surprise on Monday evening when about fifty of their friends stepped in unannounced. Games were played and refreshments served. Those present were. Messrs and Mesdames. A. Tiffany, Powles, Gray, Thayer, Fillweber, Soules, Haynes, Horton, Williams, La Plant, Simons, Sabin, Kelley, VanPatten, Webb, Thorn and James. Mesdames Libbie King, Morley, Farrier, Hoysrodt, Hook Kelly, and Gilbert. Alex Yowker, Mr. Emmons, Sam Gilbert, Ernest Kelly, Harold Fillweber, Mary Drury, Pearl Fillweber and Myrtle Haynes.

Millions For Sultan's Harem.

The budget for the Turkish Sultan's harem amounts to $15,000,000 every year.

Exchange Screenings.

Had Abraham Lincoln lived until Monday, Feb. 12, he would have been 97 years old.

A cement block factory is a recent addition to the business concerns of Lake Geneva.

Nearly 100 new members were initinted by the Lake Geneva Woodmen one night recently.

A Kansas paper tells how a school teacher was giving his pupils a lesson regarding the circulation of blood. "If I stand on my head, by way of illustration, the blood rushes to my head, doesn't it?" Nobody contradicted him. "Now he continued, when I stand on my feet why doesn't the blood rush to my feet? Because your feet ain't empty, answered a daring youth.

A Morris fellow looked through the bible to find scripture to justify him in the use of tobacco and found but one passage. It is found in the last Chapter of Revelations and in the second sentence of the eleventh verse and we'll bet some of the old sinners who use tobacco will read that verse within an hour after reading this paragraph.

Some years ago, says the Boston Herald Professor Appleton, of Brown University, who delighted to have his pupils ask original questions in his specialty, chemestry, was completely stumped by the following from a promising freshman: "What two-fold chemical change did Lot's wife undergo?" Give it up said the professor, what were they? First said the freshman, she turned to rubber, and then she turned to salt.

Maud E. Kepner last week sued her husband Harry Kepner, of Grass Lake, in the circuit court at Waukegan, for divorce charging him with extreme cruelty. Among the charges she makes is that her husband hit her with a decoy duck. She states that he chased her with a shot gun, threatened to kill her, beat and otherwise ill treated her until life with him was not worth the living.

George Cramer living near Eldora, Iowa, made $12,000 on a farm, but not from farming. He has a rich father in Germany and from him the money was received. Soon after they settled in Iowa Mr. and Mrs. Cramer became the parents of a baby and he immediately wrote to Germany, informing his rich father of the stork's visit. The old man was so well pleased that he sent a draft for $1,000 and said he would duplicate it with each visit of the stork. He kept his word and is $12,000. poorer.

A fire occurred on premises rented by a Hebrew citizen. The circumstances were somewhat suspicious and an agent of the insurance company with which the property was insured was sent to investigate. He interviewed the senior partner, as to the probable cause of the fire. This was his report; I find that the senior partner thinks that it was caused by an arc light on the second floor, the junior partner thinks it was caused by an incandescent light on the first floor—But my opinion is that it was caused by an Israelite in the basement.

Patten Not to Run for Congress.

One of the Chicago papers of a few weeks ago had an announcement that James A. Patten, a former mayor of Evanston, would enter the race for congress against George E. Foss.

We are in a position to inform our readers that Mr. Patten will not be a candidate this year, but may do so at some future period.

The Sun Sold.

The Waukegan Daily and Weekly Sun owned and conducted for the past four years by Frank T. Fowler, was sold on Tuesday of this week to Frank H. Just of the Libertyville Independent. We offer congratulations to brother Just and wish him success in his new undertaking.

Boston "Culture" at Fault.

Of all sad words coined by Boston headliners this term "whisters," for whist players, is the sorriest.

Pay for Attending Church.

At Fulbourn, England, the poor receive six pence each for regular church attendance.

No Copyright on Snapshots.

The Roman courts have decided that there is no copyright in snapshot photographs.

Excursions to the South.

Special round trip Homeseekers' Excursions to the Southwest, Texas, Oklahoma, Missouri, Arkansas, and Indian Territory, March 6 and 20. Seventy-five per cent of the one way rate for round trip. Stopovers will be allowed going and returning. For further particulars call on George E. Webb, Antioch, Ill.

PRIMARY INVALID

Strong Rumor that Election Law Will be Declared Invalid

MAY RETURN TO THE OLD CAUCUS

Supreme Court at Springfild is Ready with Decision Knocking out Statute---Complications the Result

A rumor of indefinite source, but bearing the earmarks of foundation in fact, gained circulation in Springfield Tuesday to the effect that the supreme court would announce Thursday that it has decided the new primary election law is unconstitutional in its entirety. Members of the supreme court, of course, will not discuss the subject, and attaches of the attorney general's office deny any information in the matter.

According to the rumor the supreme justices have decided that the act in question violates section 22 of article 4 of the constitution of the state, which provides that no special or local law shall be passed for the conducting or holding of elections. It is understood also that the justices take the further view that the act is contrary to a subsection of the same section of the constitution in that it attempts to regulate township and county affairs and that it is contrary to the provision that elections shall be free and uqual.

When the suit, instituted in the name of the people of the State of Illinois on the relation of Charles L. Breckon, a socialist leader of Cook county, against the board of election commissioners of the city of Chicago, was argued before the supreme court last Saturday, it was generally expected by the counsel on both sides that a decision in the case would be forthcoming this week, in view of the importance of the question involved and the fact that the Cook county primaries to be held under the new law are fixed for next Saturday. The court, however, followed its usual practice and took the matter under advisement without indicating when the decision would be forthcoming.

Complications in the aldermanic elections are expected from the start if the supreme court finds the new primary law invalid, but such a decision would not prevent the holding of the primaries of both parties next Saturday in Chicago.

Although the experts of the commission refuse to talk for publication until the finding reaches Chicago and they have had opportunity of examining the intricacies of the situation it developes, they hold that even if the new act is held invalid and the old law remains in force, the fact will not vitiate Saturday's primaries. Under the old law the primaries for the spring elections might be held any day in December, January and February, which would bring next Saturday within range of the time limit of the old law.

YOUNG WOMAN ALSO HAD PET

But It Was Somewhat Different from Other Women's.

When the thin woman in the long gray ulster sat down in the Subway car opposite the fat woman holding a bright little Scotch terrier it could be seen at once that they had points of common interest and that those points of common interest consisted of dogs.

"What a dear little fellow he is," chirped the thin woman.

"Isn't he dear?" cooed the fat woman, snuggling her pet so closely that he had to sniff for breath.

"Mine is a French poodle," ventured the thin woman. "I hear those gray terriers are coming into style, though."

"Yes, they're all the rage," said the fat woman. "I had to give up fifty for Sandy."

A handsome young woman who occupied the seat by the thin woman was an interested listener to the colloquy. She was good-looking enough to attract attention anywhere, and she looked as if she loved everything that was worth loving in this world, including dogs. She leaned over and gave Sandy's head an affectionate pat, and Sandy tried to lick her gloved hand.

"You love dogs, too?" said the fat woman.

"Oh, yes," was the reply. "Who could help it?"

"What kind is yours?" came the eager query.

"Mine? Oh, I haven't any. I have a baby!"

And the fat woman and the thin woman raised their brows, turned up their noses and grew coldly silent, just as if some one had said something to shock their sense of modesty.—New York Press.

SCHOOL DIRECTORS CONVENE.

An Important Gathering of Directors Held at Libertyville.

The Lake County School Board convention, which convened at Libertyville on Saturday, Feb. 10, was attended by representatives from fifty-two districts.

The morning session was devoted to a discussion of the essential working tools of a country school.

The subject of school-house lighting received particular attention.

Superintendent Gaggin, in the course of his address, attributed to vicious cross lights much of the trouble that arises from weak eyes. He urged that green roller shades be used and by proper adjustment admit the light from the rear and sides of the room. The ideal conditions admitting light from adove, over the left shoulder. Slate boards and all-felt erasers were recommended for general use.

In connection with ventilation the superintendent said: "Our rural buildings depend almost entirely upon window ventilation and therefore it is necessary that each window may be raised or lowered, and those that are raised should be provided with a screen to prevent direct draught and thus admit the air between the sashes. Lowering the window may admit fresh air, but it may not remove the foul air which in a form of carbon-di-oxid is heavier than the pure air and is found at the bottom of the room. Therefore, ventilation not only implies admitting the air but also removing the impure air."

Mr. Gaggin showed how the various effects in the ventilation and furnishing of a room go to effect the physical welfare of the children, gradually but certainly undermining their health and fixing a basis for various diseases to which are afterwards attributed various causes.

In all discussions the directors took a lively interest, Dr. Lewin, Mr. Holland, Mr. Smith and others lending valuable practical hints.

School records and reports of school officers received attention, and Mr. Butler, of Libertyville, raised a most significant question: "What is the value of a teacher's contract?" Perhaps no satisfactory answer was given to this question, however, it was decided that a certain attendent value was attached.

The County Superintendent urged adoption of a district record which should contain the minutes of all meetings, a financial record, a record of election notices, contracts, tax levies, clerk's annual report, list of text books and the date of adoption, etc. Mr. Gaggin concluded his afternoon's address with a strong plea for co-operation towards all those things that effect the sanitary conditions of the public schools and contribute towards the moral uplift of the children.

COUNTY COMMITTEE MEETING

The Republican County Central Committee held an important meeting Tuesday at the court house in Waukegan.

On motion of W. E. Davis of Libertyville, Rudolph Epker was elected committeeman from that town to succeed Paul MacGuffin, and John A. Thain was elected committeeman from Antioch, second district.

On motion of D. M. Jackson of Lake Forest, the committee adopted a resolution providing that the next Republican county candidates shall be nominated by delegates chosen to the county convention. These delegates will also select the delegates to the senatorial, congressional and other conventions.

The vote on Mr. Jackson's resolution was 18 ayes, 3 nays. D. A. Williams, E. B. Neville and J. D. Murphy voting no.

After some discussion the ratio on which delegates will be elected to the county convention was fixed at 1 delegate to every 27 votes, or major fraction, for Roosevelt. Lake county's vote for Roosevelt was 6,635, therefore there will be 246 delegates to the next Republican convention.

Libertyville was decided on as the place to hold the convention.

Notice to Tax Payers.

The taxes for the township of Antioch are now due. I will be at Antioch at Chase Webb's store on Saturdays till Marth 10. At Spring Grove, Monday, Feb. 26. At Lake Villa, Wednesday, Feb. 28, at L. W. Rowling's store. At Millburn, Friday, March 2. Percy Dibble, 26tf Collector.

Advantage of Suez Canal.

The Suez Canal reduces the distance from England to India for ships by nearly 4,000 miles.

Justice in South Wales.

A coal company at Aberdare, South Wales, was fined recently for having incorrect scales, although the error was considerably against the company.

MARION'S BRIGADE

By MAJOR J. H. ROBINSON

CHAPTER VII.

The bugles gave a merry blast, the sabers jingled, and the brigade swept forward.

"I shall have to pulverize this fellow yet," said Ben Rowan.

"What's the trouble now?" asked Frank.

"He's a humbug."

"Didst thou address me, good Benjamin?" said Dawson. "Verily thou art irascible."

"I shall want you to hold my coat, hat and other fixin's," continued Rowan to Frank.

"What for?" inquired the latter.

"While I pulverize him."

"I think that would be ungrateful; he saved your life," remonstrated Forstall.

"That's the very thing," said Rowan; "he saved my life and won't own it. I don't like to be fooled and have the wool pulled over my eyes. There's nothing like pulverizing such chaps; it does 'em a monstrous sight of good; it deepens their relegious convictions, and keeps 'em in their place."

"Thou art in the gall of bitterness, friend Benjamin," observed Dawson.

"If I was a regular saint I couldn't bear it," said Ben, in the tone of a person conscious that he was practicing the sublimest forbearance.

"And in the strong bonds of iniquity," added Job, mildly.

"To think that such a humbug should dare to save my life! It makes me mad enough to eat my own saber," continued Ben, sentimentally.

The brigade encamped at its former position on the Santee. At that place Gen. Marion spent several days drilling the men, while many hastened to join his ranks. One morning the general was informed that a man from Rocky Creek wished to see him; and in a few moments after Capt. Nicodemus Hawes was ushered into his presence.

"I'm cap'n of the Independent Fire-Eaters," said Hawes. "I've hearn of your gallant explites, and have come down to jine you with my fellers; and they're 'tarnal critters for a tussle as any you can find anywhere in these diggin's."

"Just such fellows as I want!" exclaimed the general, with a smile. "You think they're made of the right kind of material?"

"Warrant 'em to whip in all cases," rejoined Hawes, laconically. "I've got 'em straightened up in line jest out yonder, and if you'll step out I'll put 'em through the gamut a few times to show you what they can do."

The Independent Fire-Eaters were paraded, and Hawes proceeded to exercise them in his own peculiar manner.

"Attention the hull! Straighten up, you 'tarnal critters. Dress to the front, and no squintin'. If any on ye hain't been to breakfast, say so. This man that you see here is Gen. Marion, and as you all know, he's arter the Britishers with a sharp stick, and he means to follow 'em like the ceaseless footsteps of everlastin' death. Toe out, you 'tarnal critters. Endeavor to rise with the subject and feel that each on ye has enough of the real grit to make a dozen heroes and a good dog, besides leaven' a small remnant at that. Stand firm—hold up—throw out your chists! Corporal Higgins, there's a kink in your section. John Smith, try to look an inch and a half taller. Shoulder—firelocks. Very well; dew it agin. Work a little faster, boys. Perkins, you ain't quite orthodox enough yet—your toad-sticker is on hind-side afore. All eyes to the front. Present—arms. Let the muzzles fall a little more; that'll do. Charge—baganets. Be brisk, my lads, and imagine the enemy is right afore you. Very well done—perwidin' you all had baganets. Shoulder 'em up again. Lieut. Anderson will now shove you through the firin's, marchin's and wheelin's."

The captain ceased and Gen. Marion expressed himself pleased with the performance.

"To-night," he added, "I intend to surprise a company of Tories under Capt. Barfield, who are posted not far from here, between us and the Pedee. If I am successful, I shall have horses enough to mount you all to-morrow. You have heard of Cunningham's escape, I suppose?"

"Yes, and he's collectin' men in the neighborhood of Rocky Creek. You may depend on't, he means to do mischief," replied Hawes.

"He cannot do more than equal the enormities of Tarleton and Wemyss," said the general.

"I should like to have a hand in this Barfield affair," added Capt. Nick.

"I shall be glad to have your company, captain, with what men you can mount," answered Marion.

The contemplated movement was carried into effect successfully. Frank Forstall took an active part in the engagement and attracted the particular attention of Gen. Marion. He was promised a lieutenancy as soon as a vacancy should occur. This was very gratifying to Frank's laudable ambition, and he wondered whether Mis Ruth Strickland would feel any pleasure when she heard that he had conducted himself in a soldier-like and becoming manner.

No one watched the progress of events with deper interest than Forstall. Gen. Marion's high qualities as a leader had inspired him with confidence, and he looked forward with hope to new and more brilliant achievements. During the engagement with Barfield's band of Tories Job Dawson had again been seen to ride furiously into the ranks of the foe, but he affirmed that his horse was unruly, and he had been carried into danger against his will.

This version of the affair Ben Rowan would by no means accept, for he stoutly and perseveringly asserted that he had seen him spur his horse into the teeth of the enemy, overturn two Tory horsemen and cleave a third with his huge saber. When honest Job assured his somewhat choleric friend Ben that there must be some illusion about what he professed to have witnessed he flew into a violent passion, and if Forstall had not interfered he would doubtless have proceeded to extremities, as he was greatly in favor of the pulverizing system in all cases of "humbug" and obstinacy, or what he chose to consider as such.

There was evidently some mystery about the character of Job Dawson which neither Frank Forstall nor any of his acquaintances could solve. The peculiarities of the Quaker had attracted the attention of not only the men, but of the officers, and even Marion himself regarded him with much curiosity.

It seemed singular to Frank and others that Dawson should linger after he had concluded the ostensible object of his appearance among them. If he really "hated bloodshed" why did he not leave the brigade as soon as he was at liberty to do so? Did he stay with the dragoons because he believed he should be safer with them than anywhere else? Had his horse borne him into the conflict against his wishes? Had he wielded his saber deliberately, or in a moment of excitement, when half demented by an excessive fear? These were questions which very few felt competent to answer. But Rowan was the most confident of any in the premises, and was apparently fully resolved that Job should prove a humbug in one way or another. Nor was this quite all. He resolved, furthermore, to flagellate him soundly whenever a favorable opportunity should offer. This determination was not a passing whim, but a fixed and deliberately formed purpose, for he had conceived the extraordinary idea that his honor required it. But Job Dawson kept on in the even tenor of his way, without appearing in any manner disturbed by what others thought or said of him. The Quaker moved among them a continual wonder, and a continual subject of remark.

Mr. Henderson had accompanied Capt. Hawes to Marion's camp, and he was often observed in conversation with Dawson. The nature of those conversations no one knew, but they seemed to be confidential in character. When together in the presence of others it was seldom that a word passed between them, and they might have been supposed utter strangers to each other.

Young Adair, who had been released from his dangerous position at Britton's Neck, had joined the brigade, and as Dawson had been the most active in setting him at liberty, the query naturally arose whether any previous acquaintance had existed between the parties. If the affirmative of this was true, how long had such an acquaintance existed, and under what circumstances had it commenced? But these inquiries were as unanswerable as the others. Frank Forstall, though well acquainted with the inhabitants of Britton's Neck, did not remember of ever hearing the name of Job Dawson.

The one engrossing idea that now occupied and agitated the mind of Forstall was the captivity of Mr. Strickland. There were several good reasons why he wished to achieve his liberation. He was an old man and respected neighbor, and Frank loved his handsome daughter. But our hero was not an especial favorite with Mr. Strickland, who was somewhat prejudiced against him. The very idea that Mr. Strickland did not feel friendly toward him made our hero still more anxious to serve him; for he very naturally wished to prove that Mr. Strickland's antipathy (if it really amounted to antipathy) was entirely unfounded.

Forstall cogitated deeply on the subject of Strickland's captivity, and many were the plans he formed to effect his release; many of his schemes were wholly impracticable, and all of them full of danger.

CHAPTER VIII.

The news that Col. Ferguson was approaching Rocky Creek with a large body of dragoons, marking his footsteps with blood and fire, produced general consternation among the inhabitants who remained at home.

There were quite a number at Rocky Creek favorable to the royal cause; and they resolved to organize and choose a leader. The tidings of Ferguson's proximity served to quicken their zeal and hasten their movements.

A young man by the name of Dix was very active in the contemplated organization. Having provided himself with a list of those who were friendly to the cause, he rode up and down the country, inviting them to assemble at a designated place in the vicinage of Rocky Creek. Cyrus Dix lived not far from Rev. William Martin's, and knew well that he was a stanch patriot. The former felt an earnest desire to change the latter's mode of thinking. Dix was well acquainted with Kate Martin, knew her worth, and had felt the power of her dazzling beauty. He had ardently sought her company for many months.

Dix was at heart a bad man, but he took the best care to disguise his true character, and to appear to Martin's eyes like one who honestly and conscientiously differed with him in opinion. The day before the royalists of that and the adjoining districts were to assemble, with a view to an armed and permanent organization, Dix walked over to Mr. Martin's, in order to make a final effort to shake his patriotism to its foundation.

Nor was this the sole object of his visit. After doing all that he could in that particular direction he had determined to make a full declaration of his sentiments to the peerless Kate.

"I have come to converse with you once more on the subject of our honest difference of opinion. I wish you could see as I do in this matter," said Dix, with much emphasis.

"I respect your friendly earnestness, young man," replied the pastor; "but pardon me when I say that I thoroughly detest your cause. I have not only wished that you might discover the error into which you have unwittingly fallen, but I have prayed that our common Father would mercifully open your eyes and quicken your understanding."

"I must regret your infatuation," returned Dix, earnestly; "and perhaps I might say hallucination. Your sacred profession prevents you from fighting with the ordinary weapons of human warfare. You are well known among the Royalists as having incited the hitherto peaceful inhabitants to arms, and they feel justly indignant against you. Who, then, will protect yourself, your wife and fair daughter from the vengeance of those maraunding parties who are sweeping like lightning through the country?"

"I have served the God of heaven many years, and I have never yet been forsaken," replied Martin, devoutly.

"Once more I appeal to you, sir. Will you not, at least in appearance, favor the Royal cause? Your own safety and that of your family require this much of you."

"Go, young man!" exclaimed Martin, sternly. "You forget the respect which is due one so much your senior. I never was a hypocrite and I never will be. To persist in such language would soon rob you of the respect which I have hitherto entertained for you. Go, and never let this subject be renewed between us, unless you are led to see the fatal error into which you have been led."

"I am sorry for this," resumed Dix, artfully affecting some emotion. "I have esteemed you highly, and earnestly wish to see you shielded from the evil which is surely determined against you."

"Blessed are they who suffer for righteousness sake," responded Mr. Martin, fervently.

Dix despaired of shaking the constancy of such a man as the worthy pastor. He accordingly sought Kate, to learn how matters stood in that direction. As it happened, a very favorable opportunity presented itself.

"I have been conversing with your father this morning in regard to his unfortunate political sentiments," said Dix.

"Have you succeeded in convincing him of his heresy?" asked Kate, calmly.

"I am sorry to say I have not," was the reply.

"Will you be kind enough to inform me why you regret the circumstances?" added Miss Martin.

"For several reasons, my fair neighbor," rejoined Dix, blandly. "First, because such a worthy man should be blinded in his judgment; second, because such sentiments endanger his personal safety; third, on your own account, for it naturally follows if your father suffers for the active part he has taken in the rebellion you will also suffer by the punishment."

While he was speaking Kate was quietly studying his character, and arriving at a very accurate conclusion in regard to the object of his apparently disinterested efforts.

"Perhaps, Mr. Dix," she said, with much seeming simplicity of manner, "it is in your power to aid us in this unhappy dilemma into which we have fallen."

"You speak to the point, my dear Kate," added the Loyalist, in tones still more confidential and patronizing. "Rocky Creek, at the present time, is left entirely to the mercy of the Royalists."

"But are they not too noble to make war upon defenseless females and old men?" inquired Kate, in the same confiding and apparently artless manner.

"Our troops," added Dix, coloring slightly, "cannot always be restrained on account of the cruelties practiced by the Whigs. It is my solemn conviction that the first party of British dragoons that sweeps through the settlement will make a terrific example of William Martin."

"Unless," added Kate, "you should possess sufficient influence to stay their sanguinary proceedings."

"Just so, Miss Martin. I trust, dear young lady, that I have ever been a friend to you and the family!" returned Dix, sentimentally.

"And I embrace this opportunity to express my thanks," said Miss Martin. "I think I am not mistaken in you," resumed the Royalist, in a more tender and confiding tone, encouraged by the kindness of the maiden. "I feel assured that we understand each other."

"Yes," added Kate, averting her eyes timidly.

"There are moments when soul speaks to soul, and all the heart's precious secrets are suddenly and intuitively revealed."

Kate looked at the floor, and made no answer.

"Your condescension makes me extremely happy. Your heightened color assures me that I need not be more explicit on this particular theme. I will lay to my soul the flattering unction that I have awakened a gentle interest in your bosom."

(To be continued.)

Some Disraeli Epigrams.

The following are some of the little-known epigrams of Lord Beaconsfield recently collected by an admirer of Disraeli:

"Be frank and explicit. That is the right line to take when you wish to conceal your own mind and to confuse that of others.

"What we call the heart is a nervous sensation, like shyness, which gradually disappears in society.

"Nobody should look anxious except those who have no anxiety.

"Women are the only people that get on. A man works all his life, and thinks he has done a wonderful thing if, with one leg in the grave and no hair on his head, he manages to get a coronet; and a woman dances at a ball with some young fellow or other and pretends she thinks him charming, and he makes her a peeress on the spot."—Harper's Weekly.

An Important Affair.

"I don't suppose it's unnatural for me to be excited, now that the hour for my marriage to the Count approaches," said the bride. "I guess I'm the most excited person in town at this minute."

"Oh, I don't know," replied Mrs. Nuritch, her mother; "think how excited they must be over it in the newspaper offices."

Something Else to Think Of.

Nell—I don't think Cholly Kallow thinks as much of you as he did.

Belle—Nonsense! Why, our engagement has just been announced.

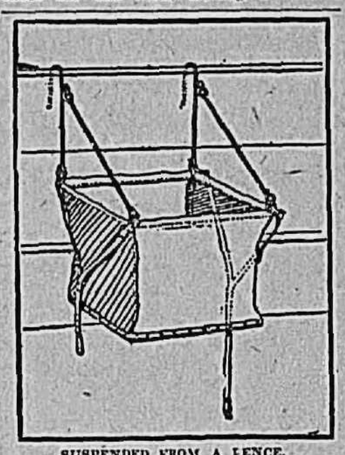
Nell—I know, but I notice he's trying to raise a mustache now.

FARMS AND FARMERS



Feed Bag.

In the illustration below is shown a feed bag which can be conveniently used at any point where the teamster might be. When necessary it can be suspended from a fence or the vehicle wheel, but when these are not available it can be supported directly upon the ground or suspended from the head of the animal. It is the invention of a Texas farmer, and comprises a receptable for the feed, having a bottom



SUSPENDED FROM A FENCE.

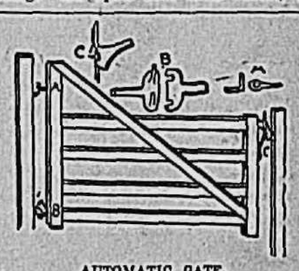
made of wood or sheet metal, sides cut from canvas or similar suitable material and a wire frame sewed into the upper rim. The receptacle will preferably be square, with four loops in the frame, one at each corner. Connected with two of the loops are rods which serve as a support, being formed in the shape of hooks, brace rods connecting the support and the loops in the front of the frame. When not in use the bag can be collapsed into a small space and carried beneath the seat of a vehicle or otherwise disposed. Straps can also be supplied for attaching over the animal's head and suspending the device as an ordinary feed bag.

Butter Color Poison.

Coloring for cheese and butter used to be made from annatto, but coal tar colors are so much cheaper that probably four-fifths of the coloring matter used in both butter and cheese at the present time is made from coal tar, and consequently more or less poisonous. As in all adulterated food products the argument is advanced that the amount of poison eaten with the butter is so small as to render it perfectly harmless. In fact it is stated that the ordinary consumer of butter would not get more than an ounce of coloring matter in four years. But there is no end to argument—a good talker will make black appear white. The only safe rule is to discard everything in the production of food that has an injurious tendency.

An Automatic Gate.

A shows the irons for the upper hinge. B shows the lower hinge which has double pinions, while C shows the catch driven into the post with the spring. To open and shut itself, the



AUTOMATIC GATE.

gate must be hung about four inches out of plumb, having the lower hinge (B) project out from the post that much further than the upper one. It shuts then just like a wagon rolling downhill. The lower hinge (B) must be eight inches from slot to slot.—Exchange.

Tuberculosis in Hogs.

A good many cases of tuberculosis in hogs, we fear, can be traced to the creamery, due to the fact that the skim milk has not been heated to a sufficiently high temperature or kept at that temperature long enough to destroy the germs, says Kimball's Dairy Farmer. Ordinarily it is assumed that herds become infected through bringing other animals among them, but the question of tuberculosis infection through the skim milk from the creamery is becoming so serious that it will eventually lead to compulsory pasteurization of skim milk. Indeed, this is now required in some States, notably Minnesota, but the trouble is that the buttermakers do not heat the skim milk hot enough or keep it at that temperature long enough.

Milking Machines.

At the National Dairy show in Chicago a milking machine was on exhibition in practical operation. For a great many years inventors have worked on this problem. Several times it has been reported that the difficulties have been overcome, and that a practical machine was the result. But up to the present time the old-fashioned hand manipulation has prevailed. It is to be hoped that the inventor has succeeded this time, because milking is one of the hard tasks that comes twice a day, Sundays and holidays and all. We have machinery to help out in every other branch of the business, why not in the milking stable?—Field and Fireside.

Testing for Fertility of Eggs.

Eggs are never so fertile in winter as in the warm weather, and all should be tested on the eighth day. A piece of cardboard, with a hole cut out in which to fit the egg, is usually employed to assist the tester, and this is certainly an aid, but by encircling the egg between the forefinger and thumb we shut the light out all around it, and thus obtain the same result. Eggs should be tested in a dark room by the aid of a candle or lamp; hold the egg up against the light, and it will be more or less transparent, according as to whether it is dark or white shelled. Then, if the egg is fertile, looking closely a dark spot will be seen floating inside the shell. This is the germ which has awakened to life, and is growing. By the eighth day it is quite discernible, but, if the light is good and the operator experienced, fertile and unfertile can be separated about the fourth day, though the eighth is quite soon enough for the average poultry keeper. Dark brown shelled eggs are more difficult to test than white, owing to the shell being more opaque; if any are doubtful put them back and test again the following night. It is well to have a fresh egg to compare with the tested egg, if doubtful about the latter, the difference between fertile and unfertile shows them up more clearly. Be careful the eggs do not get chilled if tested on a cold night. If there are many eggs to test it will pay to have one of the very quick and convenient testers sold by the incubator and poultry supply houses.—New England Homestead.

Convenient Post Puller.

In removing a fence, those having experience know what a slow, back-breaking job it is to pull the posts by digging around them with spade and lifting them out. For the benefit of those having such work to do—and there is more or less of it to do on every farm—I give the accompanying cut and description of a simple little



POST PULLER.

device—not original with me—convenient and worthy of reproduction.

One and two are pieces each 2x4 inches by 5½ feet long. Three is base board one inch by 6 or 8 inches by 3 feet long, well nailed together, forming a crotch 6 inches from end for chain to pull in. Stand the jack about 3 feet from post, leaning against post at top. Hook chain around post at ground and laying it over in crotch of jack, which gives an almost vertical lift.—Homer Shirley, in Michigan Farmer.

The Destructive Clover Borer.

The work of the clover borer has proved a serious injury to the clover crop in some parts of the country. It is most destructive in the Middle West. The grub of the borer is a dingy white insect with yellow head and is about one-eighth of an inch long. The grub eats out the interior of the main roots, causing the top to die. The injury caused in this way is often ascribed to unfavorable winters and other causes. About the only preventive measure which seems to give any promise of success is to summer fallow as soon as the hay crop has been removed. At that time the young are immature, and if deprived of food must perish, as they cannot travel from one clover root to another. If the meadow is broken up at this time and the roots wither and dry the grubs perish. Thus the spreading of the insect may be prevented and the land largely cleared of the insect. It would seem that the modern system of rotation, which includes clover for only a year or two, would be sufficient to keep the grub in subjection in localities where it has been introduced.—American Cultivator.

About Planting Navy Beans.

Commenting upon what he calls a fatal mistake in growing navy beans—viz., planting them in March, April and May—a correspondent of the Atlanta Southern Cultivator says: "I have grown them for several years in a small way, and at first was greatly annoyed by weevil. In fact, I had one entire crop destroyed by weevil. The certain remedy in this section is not to plant before June 1, and I should think farther south some later. The weevil does not bother my June-planted beans."

Copperas as Fertilizer.

Experiments made by E. Leclercq, of Brussels, have proved that 250 units of copperas will produce as great an effect on oats as 150 of nitrate of soda. An additional benefit is the destruction of weeds by the copperas. The experimenter claims that the fertilizer value of the copperas is in the iron, not in the sulphuric acid. Considering that nitrate of soda sells at five times the price of copperas, there would be a material saving [illegible] culturists.

CONGRESS

The Senate Monday adopted a joint resolution reported by Mr. Tillman from the Senate committee on interstate commerce, directing the interstate commerce commission to investigate the charges of discrimination and combination in restraint of trade which have been made against the coal roads by the independent mine owners. Senator Tillman spoke in favor of the measure. Senator Lodge spoke at length on the railroad question, favoring government regulation of rates, but counseling against radical action. Speaker Cannon, in opening the session, dedicated a new gavel to the memory of Abraham Lincoln, and the martyred President was remembered in the prayer of the chaplain. The House had sport with the District of Columbia whipping-post bill for wife beaters and laid it on the table by a vote of 153 to 60 in spite of serious speeches in its favor by Congressman Adams of Pennsylvania, a bachelor, and Congressman Hepburn of Iowa. The drastic anti-rebate bill introduced by Mr. Parker of New Jersey was passed. A bill prohibiting the sale of cocaine in the District of Columbia was passed.

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In the Senate Tuesday Mr. Hale, representing the committee on naval affairs, reported the bill prescribing the method of procedure in regard to hazing at the naval academy and gave notice that he would ask its consideration at an early date. The remainder of the day was devoted to the shipping bill, Senators Spooner and Allison criticising various features and offering amendments, and Mr. Gallinger championing the measure strongly. Senator Elkins introduced his railway rate bill. Mr. Heyburn asked and obtained the consent of the Senate to take a vote on the pure food bill Feb. 21. Several bills authorizing bridges in the South were passed by the House without discussion. Mr. Gillespie of Texas made a statement of the grievances of the coal operators and shippers of Pennsylvania. At 1 o'clock the House took up the fortifications appropriation bill, carrying $4,838,093, which provoked debate, especially in regard to fortifications in the Philippines. Mr. Smith of Iowa urged greater activity on the part of committees supervising appropriations to check bureaucracy. The proposed $15,000,000 naval station in Subig Bay was strongly opposed.

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The Senate Wednesday passed the ship subsidy bill by a vote of 38 to 27. All the votes for the bill were by Republicans, and five members of this party joined with the Democrats in opposition. The statehood bill was made unfinished business. The House passed the fortifications appropriation bill, which carries $600,000 to be divided between the Philippines and Hawaii out of a total of $4,383,093. No changes were made in the measure, all amendments being voted down. The discussion preceding the vote developed into a partisan debate on the policy to be pursued with regard to the future of the islands.

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The Senate Thursday began the consideration of the joint statehood bill and for an hour and a half listened to a speech by Mr. Dick in support of the measure as reported from the committee on territories. Mr. Dick did not conclude his remarks. A bill prohibiting the unlawful wearing of the insignia of the G. A. R. and other soldier organizations was passed. The House passed a bill to increase to $30,000 a year the annual federal appropriation to each State and territory for the support of agricultural experiment stations and another measure repealing the present law granting American register to foreign ships wrecked and repaired on the American coast, in the discretion of the Secretary of Commerce and Labor, and requiring a special act of Congress to grant such register. Mr. Payne sought to get through his bill for the consolidation of customs collecting districts, but a furious opposition developed and by a roll call a large majority voted against considering it. Both houses adjourned until Monday.

Notes of the National Capital.

Major John C. Bates succeeds Chaffee as lieutenant general of the army.

Senator La Follette of Wisconsin has introduced a bill prohibiting railroad passes.

Effort will be made to conclude the Reed Smoot investigation at this session of Congress.

Representatives of many manufacturing interests have gone to Washington to urge the abolition of the tax on denaturalized grain alcohol.

Sensational communications in Marcus Braun affair, which results in international breach, have been made public by President Roosevelt.

M. Taigny, the French charge d'affaires expelled from Venezuela, says President Castro's chief object is to get money, no matter by what means.

President Roosevelt approved the verdict reducing Lieut. R. I. Taylor twelve numbers for insulting a subordinate. He severely scored army snobs.

The House passed a bill providing fine and imprisonment for any government employe who shall publish prematurely statistics that may affect the price of any crop or to speculate in articles likely to be affected by crop reports.

Representative Bartholdt of Missouri, president of the International Parliamentary Union, has introduced a resolution to instruct the delegates to the second Hague conference to favor the negotiation of arbitration treaties and the establishment of an international congress to convene periodically.

President Roosevelt, in approving verdict in Taylor court martial, paid respects to army snob.

Mark Twain and Speaker Cannon swapped jokes in the House of Representatives the other afternoon.

The treasury deficit has been reduced to less than $3,400,000 and will be entirely wiped out within thirty days, says a government financial statement.

In order to avoid too great publicity President and Mrs. Roosevelt did not publish a list of guests or wedding gifts at the marriage of Miss Alice Roosevelt [illegible] Representative Nicholas Longw[illegible]

Very Low Rates Southwest.

Feb. 20 and March 6 and 20 the Wabash will sell homeseekers' tickets from Chicago to points in Arkansas, Texas, Oklahoma, Indian Territory and the South at less than half rate for the round trip. Write for maps, time cards and full details. F. H. Tristram, A. G. P. A., 97 Adams street, Chicago.

"Going——Going——"

"Is your watch going?"
(Her air is knowing—
Does she suspect it's in pawn?)
His cheeks are glowing;
"Is your watch going?"
"No, it's not going—it's gone!"
—Cleveland Leader.

Over 10,000 pilgrims from all parts of Italy have been visiting Rome.

Trust to Nature.

A great many Americans, both men and women, are thin, pale and puny, with poor circulation, because they have ill-treated their stomachs by hasty eating or too much eating, by consuming alcoholic beverages, or by too close confinement to home, office or factory, and in consequence the stomach must be treated in a natural way before they can rectify their earlier mistakes. The muscles in many such people, in fact in every weary, thin and thin-blooded person, do their work with great difficulty. As a result fatigue comes early, is extreme and lasts long. The demand for nutritive aid is ahead of the supply. To insure perfect health every tissue, bone, nerve and muscle should take from the blood certain materials and return to it certain others. It is necessary to prepare the stomach for the work of taking up from the food what is necessary to make good, rich, red blood. We must go to Nature for the remedy. There were certain roots known to the Indians of this country before the advent of the whites which later came to the knowledge of the settlers and which are now growing rapidly in professional favor for the cure of obstinate stomach and liver troubles. These are found to be safe and yet certain in their cleansing and invigorating effect upon the stomach, liver and blood. These are: Golden Seal root, Queen's root, Stone root, Bloodroot, Mandrake root. Then there is Black Cherrybark. The medicinal principles residing in these native roots when extracted with glycerine as a solvent make the most reliable and efficient stomach tonic and liver invigorator, when combined in just the right proportions, as in Dr. Pierce's Golden Medical Discovery. Where there is bankrupt vitality—such as nervous exhaustion, bad nutrition—and thin blood, the body acquires vigor and the nerves, blood and all the tissues feel the favorable effect of this sovereign remedy.

Although some physicians have been aware of the high medicinal value of the above mentioned plants, yet few have used pure glycerine as a solvent and usually the doctors' prescriptions called for the ingredients in varying amounts, *with alcohol.*

The "Golden Medical Discovery" is a scientific preparation compounded of the glyceric extracts of the above mentioned vegetable ingredients and contains no alcohol or harmful habit-forming drugs.

25 Bushels of Wheat

160 ACRE FARMS IN WESTERN CANADA FREE

to the Acre

means a productive capacity in dollars of

Over $16 Per Acre

This on land, which has cost the farmer nothing but the price of tilling it, tells its own story. The Canadian Government gives

Absolutely Free to Every Settler 160 Acres of Such Land

Lands adjoining can be purchased at from $6 to $10 per acre from railroad and other corporations. Already 175,000 FARMERS from the United States have made their homes in Canada. For pamphlet "Twentieth Century Canada" and all information apply for information to Superintendent of Immigration, Ottawa, Canada, or to C. J. Broughton, Room 451, Quincy Building, Chicago, Ill., Authorized Government Agents.

Please say where you saw this advertisement.

NOT YOUR HEART

If you think you have heart disease you are only one of a countless number that are deceived by indigestion into believing the heart is affected.

Lane's Family Medicine

the tonic-laxative, will get your stomach back into good condition, and then the chances are ten to one that you will have no more symptoms of heart disease.

Sold by all dealers at 25c. and 50c.

A Positive CURE for CATARRH

Ely's Cream Balm

Is quickly absorbed. Gives Relief at Once.

It cleanses, soothes, heals and protects the diseased membrane. It cures Catarrh and drives away a Cold in the Head quickly. Restores the Senses of Taste and Smell. Full size 50 cts., at Druggists or by mail; Trial Size 10 cts. by mail.

Ely Brothers, 56 Warren Street, New York.

HAY FEVER

That Delightful Aid to Health

Paxtine

Toilet Antiseptic

Whitens the teeth—purifies mouth and breath—cures nasal catarrh, sore throat, sore eyes, and by direct application cures all inflamed, ulcerated and catarrhal conditions caused by feminine ills.

Paxtine possesses extraordinary cleansing, healing and germicidal qualities unlike anything else. At all druggists, 50 cents

LARGE TRIAL PACKAGE FREE

The R. Paxton Co., Boston, Mass.

GREGORY'S SEEDS

Gregory's Seed Catalogue 1906

J. J. H. Gregory & Son, Marblehead, Mass.

A Careful Patient.

A woman whose throat had troubled her for a long time, says a writer in the Philadelphia Public Ledger, grew impatient at the slow progress she was making, and made complaint to her doctor, who said:

"Madam, I can never cure you of this throat trouble unless you stop talking and give your throat a complete rest."

"But, doctor," objected his patient. "I'm very careful what I say. I never use harsh language or anything of that kind."

Quiet and Serene.

"It appears that Andrew Carnegie passed his 68th birthday without even an interviewer to mar the serenity of the day."

"That looks like a scoop for Father Time, doesn't it?"—Cleveland Plain Dealer.

The Annual Custom.

"I suppose you will make a few new resolutions?" said the solicitous friend.

"No," answered the man who does not worry much. "I'll simply follow my annual custom of taking the old ones down and dusting them off."—Washington Star.

RAISED FROM A DEATH-BED.

Mr. Pitts, Once Pronounced Incurable, Has Been Well Three Years.

E. E. Pitts, 60 Hathaway street, Skowhegan, Me., says: "Seven years ago my back ached and I was so run down that I was laid up four months. I had night sweats and fainting spells and dropped to ninety pounds. The urine passed every few minutes with intense pain and looked like blood. Dropsy set in and the doctors decided I could not live. My wife got me using Doan's Kidney Pills, and as they helped me I took heart, kept on and was cured so thoroughly that I've been well three years."



Sold by all dealers. 50 cents a box. Foster-Milburn Co., Buffalo, N. Y.

Information Wanted.

"What be th' name uv that 'ere picture?" queried Uncle Hiram Cornshucks, who had strayed into the art museum.

"That painting," replied the attendant, "represents Joshua commanding the sun to stand still."

"Yew don't say!" exclaimed Uncle Hiram. "Which be Josh an' which be his son?"

There is more Catarrh in this section of the country than all other diseases put together, and until the last few years was supposed to be incurable. For a great many years doctors pronounced it a local disease and prescribed local remedies, and by constantly failing to cure with local treatment, pronounced it incurable. Science has proven catarrh to be a constitutional disease and therefore requires constitutional treatment. Hall's Catarrh Cure, manufactured by F. J. Cheney & Co., Toledo, Ohio, is the only constitutional cure on the market. It is taken internally in doses from 10 drops to a teaspoonful. It acts directly on the blood and mucous surfaces of the system. They offer one hundred dollars for any case it fails to cure. Send for circulars and testimonials.

Address F. J. CHENEY & CO., Toledo, O.
Sold by Druggists, 75c.
Take Hall's Family Pills for constipation.

His Retentive Faculty.

Merchant—Your nephew has applied for a job in my store. Can you recommend him? He says he has had no experience, but he is full of days' works.

The Uncle—Well, I guess he is. Nobody has ever got any of 'em out of him yet.

Chicago to the City of Mexico Without Change of Cars Via the Wabash.

Commencing Feb. 12 the Wabash will run through sleepers from Chicago to the City of Mexico in connection with the Iron Mountain Route, leaving Chicago at 9:17 p. m., Mondays and Thursdays. Write for illustrated booklets, time cards, maps and full details. F. H. Tristram, A. G. P. Agt, 97 Adams street, Chicago.

Unmistakable Symptom.

Mr. Tyte-Phist—Jagway was trying to borrow money from me a little while ago. He seemed to be drunk.

Mr. Ardfax—If he was trying to borrow money from you he wasn't drunk. He was crazy.

You Can Get Allen's Foot-Ease FREE.

Write to-day to Allen S. Olmsted, Le Roy, N. Y., for a FREE sample of Allen's Foot-Ease, a powder to shake into your shoes. It cures tired, sweating, hot, swollen, aching feet. It makes new or tight shoes easy. A certain cure for Corns and Bunions. All Druggists and Shoe stores sell it, 25c.

A Little Sermon.

Who goes upon a lark at night
Should heed this note of warning—
A lark at night won't prompt a wight
To rise with it next morning.
—Philadelphia Press.

Lewis' "Single Binder" straight 5c cigar. Price to dealers $35.00 per M. They cost some more than other brands, but no more than a good 5c cigar should cost. Lewis' Factory, Peoria, Ill.

Pretty Near Right.

"The plural then of 'wife' is what?"
The teacher asked. Said Bess
A most precocious little tot:
"It's bigamy, I guess."
—Philadelphia Press.

TO CURE A COLD IN ONE DAY

Take LAXATIVE BROMO Quinine Tablets. Druggists refund money if it fails to cure. E. W. Grove's signature is on each box, 25c.

Twitting on Facts.

Mrs. Benham—Cold hands mean a warm heart.

Benham—But cold feet don't mean a warm back.—Puck.

Worth Knowing

—that Allcock's are the original and only genuine porous plasters; all other so-called porous plasters are imitations.

Germany is probably the most densely wooded country in Europe. More than one-quarter of the entire area of the empire is covered with forest.

The Prague Municipal Council has prohibited the trailing of dresses in public squares, places and streets, under penalty of a heavy fine.

COMMERCIAL AND FINANCIAL

Chicago. More seasonable weather aids the progress of trade. Developments are conspicuous in the building lines, the heavy work on hand being expedited owing to the rapid accumulation of new undertakings for this year, the latter including various large structures for mercantile purposes.

Lower temperature stimulated a better disposition of heavy winter clothing, making retail stocks less burdensome. Other leading retail departments report sales comparing favorably with those of a year ago, the buying being much helped by large numbers of visitors at this time. Country merchants made liberal selections in the wholesale lines, and bookings for early delivery have grown in the aggregate for dry goods staples, and there is some improvement in clothing, woolens and furniture.

The general outlook for spring trade maintains encouraging features, and this gives strength to the market for textile fabrics. Money appears to be in ample circulation in the agricultural sections, crop reports are good and mercantile collections reasonably prompt.

Commodity movements, as indicated by earnings of Chicago railroads, show no diminution in the tonnage volume, all classes of freight contributing. The total quantity of grain handled at this port aggregated 8,869,429 bushels, against 7,491,703 bushels last week, and 5,463,826 bushels a year ago. Yearly comparisons show an increase in receipts of 40.3 per cent, and in shipments of 106 per cent. Other receipts gained in flour, oats, barley, seeds, broom corn, lard, butter, eggs, cattle, hogs and sheep, but declined in wheat, corn, rye, wool, dressed beef and cheese. Hide arrivals were 3,270,414 pounds, against 2,478,649 pounds last week and 3,375,052 pounds in 1905. Total live stock receipts, 361,477 head, compared with 386,284 head last week and 321,377 head a year ago. Lumber receipts rose to 33,470,000 feet, a considerable gain as compared with the 29,864,000 feet last week and 24,231,000 feet in 1905.

Bank clearings, $213,507,843, exceed those of corresponding week in 1905 by 6.0 per cent. Failures reported in Chicago district number thirty-two, against twenty-five last week and twenty-four a year ago.—Dun's Review of Trade.

New York. Reports as to spring jobbing trade are of a very favorable character and more seasonable weather has stimulated some lines of retail trade. Shipments of finished products of manufacture are of enormous volume and mills are still pushed to fill orders previously booked. Railroad earning returns indicate that January was the most active month ever experienced by the companies, gross receipts showing a gain of 20 per cent over last year. Reports as to winter wheat are satisfactory as a whole. Against these favorable features are to be cited the disquieting influences of predictions and preparations for a general coal strike, possibly involving 500,000 men. It is also to be noted that the mild weather has caused an accumulation of retail stocks of heavy clothing, shoes and kindred products and eliminated reorder business from jobbing hands, though western reports speak of possible carried-over stocks being quite well reduced, considering weather conditions.

Business failures in the United States for the week ending Feb. 8 number 204, against 228 last week, 207 in the like week of 1905, 202 in 1904, 217 in 1903 and 265 in 1902. In Canada failures for the week number 27, as against 24 last week and 26 in this week a year ago.—Bradstreet's Commercial Report.

THE MARKETS

Chicago—Cattle, common to prime, $4.00 to $6.30; hogs, prime heavy, $4.00 to $6.15; sheep, fair to choice, $3.00 to $6.15; wheat, No. 2, 84c to 85c; corn, No. 2, 38c to 39c; oats, standard, 28c to 29c; rye, No. 2, 65c to 67c; hay, timothy, $8.50 to $12.00; prairie, $6.00 to $10.00; butter, choice creamery, 23c to 27c; eggs, fresh, 15c to 17c; potatoes, 45c to 57c.

Detroit—Cattle, $4.00 to $4.75; hogs, $4.00 to $5.30; sheep, $2.50 to $5.25; wheat, No. 2, 85c to 86c; corn, No. 3 yellow, 43c to 44c; oats, No. 3 white, 32c to 33c; rye, No. 2, 66c to 67c.

Milwaukee—Wheat, No. 2 northern, 81c to 85c; corn, No. 3, 39c to 40c; oats, standard, 30c to 31c; rye, No. 1, 66c to 67c; barley, No. 2, 53c to 54c; pork, mess, $15.00.

Toledo—Wheat, No. 2 mixed, 86c to 87c; corn, No. 2 mixed, 44c to 45c; oats, No. 2 mixed, 31c to 33c; rye, No. 2, 66c to 67c; clover seed, prime, $8.25.

Buffalo—Cattle, choice shipping steers, $4.00 to $5.75; hogs, fair to choice, $4.00 to $6.40; sheep, common to good mixed, $4.00 to $5.65; lambs, fair to choice, $5.00 to $7.50.

New York—Cattle, $4.00 to $5.40; hogs, $4.00 to $6.40; sheep, $3.00 to $5.50; wheat, No. 2 red, 86c to 87c; corn, No. 2, 47c to 48c; oats, natural, white, 34c to 35c; butter, creamery, 24c to 27c; eggs, western, 15c to 17c.

Real Trouble.

Gunner—Have you heard about DeRock's wife? She said she intended to give him trouble.

Guyer—You don't mean it. And did she?

Gunner—I should say so. She gave him one of those big racing automobiles for a Christmas gift and it tossed him over a barn the first time he took a ride in it.

Distinguished.

"Why is Hiram Ryetop going around all puffed up?" asked the postmaster at Bacon Ridge.

"Why, begosh, he thinks he looks just like a Congressman or Senator," responded the rural mail carrier.

"And what put that in his head?"

"Why, he applied to the railroad for a pass an' they refused him, begosh."

TERRIBLE SCALY ECZEMA.

Eruptions Appeared on Chest, and Face and Neck Were All Broken Out—Cured by Cuticura.

"I had an eruption appear on my chest and body and extend upwards and downwards, so that my neck and face were all broken out; also my arms and the lower limbs as far as the knees. I at first thought it was prickly heat. But soon scales or crusts formed where the breaking out was. Instead of going to a physician, I purchased a complete treatment of the Cuticura Remedies, in which I had great faith, and all was satisfactory. A year or two later the eruption appeared again, only a little lower; but before it had time to spread I procured another supply of the Cuticura Remedies, and continued their use until the cure was complete. It is now five years since the last attack, and have not seen any signs of a return. I have more faith in Cuticura Remedies for skin diseases than anything I know of. Emma E. Wilson, Liscomb, Iowa, Oct. 1, 1905."

Perfectly Awful.

Mrs. Muchwed—Nothing in the world could induce me to live in Russia.

Mrs. Neighbors—It certainly isn't a desirable country to live in.

Mrs. Muchwed—I should say not. Why, I was reading in a paper this morning that in Russia no one is permitted to marry more than five times. Such atrocious tyranny is perfectly awful.

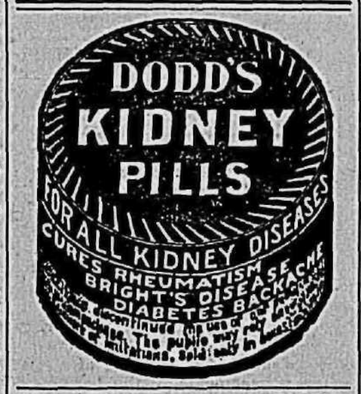
A GUARANTEED CURE FOR PILES.

Itching, Blind, Bleeding Protruding Piles. Druggists are authorized to refund money if PAZO OINTMENT fails to cure in 6 to 14 days. 50c.

Definition.

If you the definition ask
Of that small word "mistake,"
It's something quite mysterious
That other people make.
—Washington Star.

A French expert maintains that the best goats are to be found in Nubia.



SICK HEADACHE

CARTER'S LITTLE LIVER PILLS.

Positively cured by these Little Pills.

They also relieve Distress from Dyspepsia, Indigestion and Too Hearty Eating. A perfect remedy for Dizziness, Nausea, Drowsiness, Bad Taste in the Mouth, Coated Tongue, Pain in the Side, TORPID LIVER. They regulate the Bowels. Purely Vegetable.

SMALL PILL. SMALL DOSE. SMALL PRICE.

CARTER'S LITTLE LIVER PILLS.

Genuine Must Bear Fac-Simile Signature

Brentwood

REFUSE SUBSTITUTES.

THINGS WORTH KNOWING.

I am a manufacturing chemist. I make Be-Ke Balm and think it the best, surest, safest and most effective remedy ever produced. It is a chemical compound *pure and clean.* I want to interest conscientious people who can appreciate merit in an external remedy and are willing to pay a fair price for an analgesic that will give relief to pain and cure skin diseases.

My object is to get permanent customers who will appreciate something fine for home use and are willing to pay a fair price for an honest remedy that positively cures. I make a straight, *honest remedy* and guarantee it to cure any pain that can be reached by an external application.

I want to send a trial to responsible people with the simple understanding that if it comes up to expectations they will send me within ten days 25c in stamps. Drop a postal card to-day and *I will take all the risk* of Be-Ke Balm reaching you and proving satisfactory, and leave the question of pay in your own hands. Isn't this a *fair* proposition?

DR. CORE, 4601 Champlain Ave., Chicago



Mother Gray, Nurse in Children's Home, New York City.

MOTHER GRAY'S SWEET POWDERS FOR CHILDREN,

A Certain Cure for Feverishness, Constipation, Headache, Stomach Troubles, Teething Disorders, and Destroy Worms. They Break up Colds in 24 hours. At all Druggists, 25 cts. Sample mailed FREE. Address, A. S. OLMSTED, Le Roy, N. Y.

Salesmen WANTED—First-class; every county in Illinois; article used by every farmer; sells at sight; permanent position, 3-year contract. State Manager, box 80, New Bedford, Ill.

WRITE ME for list of Farms in Jasper County, Missouri, ranging from $28 up in price. Address J. C. CRAWFORD, Oronogo, Missouri

A TRAINED NURSE

After Years of Experience, Advises Women in Regard to Their Health.



Mrs. Martha Pohlman of 55 Chester Avenue, Newark, N. J., who is a graduate Nurse from the Blockley Training School, at Philadelphia, and for six years Chief Clinic Nurse at the Philadelphia Hospital, writes the letter printed below. She has the advantage of personal experience, besides her professional education, and what she has to say may be absolutely relied upon.

Many other women are afflicted as she was. They can regain health in the same way. It is prudent to heed such advice from such a source.

Mrs. Pohlman writes:

"I am firmly persuaded, after eight years of experience with Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound, that it is the safest and best medicine for any suffering woman to use."

"Immediately after my marriage I found that my health began to fail me. I became weak and pale, with severe bearing-down pains, fearful backaches and frequent dizzy spells. The doctors prescribed for me, yet I did not improve. I would bloat after eating, and frequently become nauseated. I had pains down through my limbs so I could hardly walk. It was as bad a case of female trouble as I have ever known. Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound, however, cured me within four months. Since that time I have had occasion to recommend it to a number of patients suffering from all forms of female difficulties, and I find that while it is considered unprofessional to recommend a patent medicine, I can honestly recommend Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound, for I have found that it cures female ills, where all other medicine fails. It is a grand medicine for sick women."

Money cannot buy such testimony as this—merit alone can produce such results, and the ablest specialists now agree that Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound is the most universally successful remedy for all female diseases known to medicine.

When women are troubled with irregular, suppressed or painful periods, weakness, displacement or ulceration of the female organs, that bearing-down feeling, inflammation, backache, bloating (or flatulence), general debility, indigestion, and nervous prostration, or are beset with such symptoms as dizziness, faintness, lassitude, excitability, irritability, nervousness, sleeplessness, melancholy, "all-gone" and "want-to-be-left-alone" feelings, blues and hopelessness, they should remember there is one tried and true remedy, Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound at once removes such troubles.

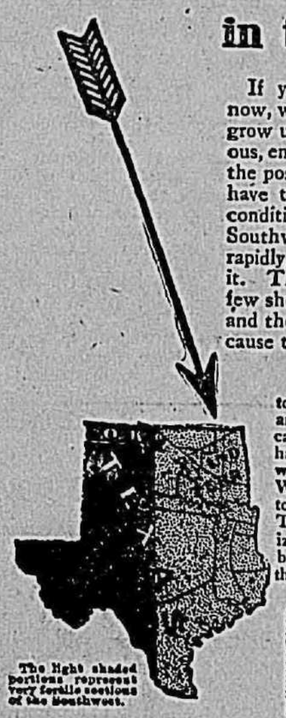
No other female medicine in the world has received such widespread and unqualified endorsement.

The needless suffering of women from diseases peculiar to their sex is terrible to see. The money which they pay to doctors who do not help them is an enormous waste. The pain is cured and the money is saved by Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound.

It is well for women who are ill to write Mrs. Pinkham, at Lynn, Mass. The present Mrs. Pinkham is the daughter-in-law of Lydia E. Pinkham, her assistant for many years before her decease, and for twenty-five years since her advice has been freely given to sick women. In her great experience, which covers many years, she has probably had to deal with dozens of cases just like yours. Her advice is strictly confidential.

Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound Succeeds Where Others Fail.

You will prosper in the Southwest.



If you purchase a farm in the Southwest now, while the land is cheap, you will soon see grow up around you a community of prosperous, energetic men, who like yourself, have seen the possibilities of the Southwestern farmer, and have taken advantage of them. This very condition, which is rapidly forming all over the Southwest, makes the value of land increase rapidly, to the certain profit of those who own it. The Southwest will be as well settled in a few short years as the older states are to-day, and those who see this condition now will have cause to rejoice then.

Now is your opportunity

to exchange your few acres at home for a bigger and more productive farm in the Southwest. You can sell your present farm, pay off the mortgage and have enough left to buy a big farm in the Southwest that will make you independent in a few years. Write us what you want and we can place you in touch with the very thing you are looking for. The M. K. & T. Ry. Land Bureau is an organization of reliable men whose business it is to find better locations for those who want to improve their condition.

The "Coming Country" Free!

The "Coming Country" is a very interesting paper published monthly and devoted to the Southwest. This publication will post you on conditions in the Southwest better than anything that you could read. I'll be glad to have the publisher place your name on the mailing list and send you a free copy of the paper regularly for one year. Write to-day while you think of it for a free copy of the "Coming Country," and everything will be done to furnish you with information about the Southwest.

S. G. LANGSTON, Secretary, M. K. & T. Land Bureau,
500 Wainwright Building, St. Louis, Mo.

Sale Ten Million Boxes a Year.

THE FAMILY'S FAVORITE MEDICINE

Cascarets

CANDY CATHARTIC

10c. 25c. 50c. All Druggists

BEST FOR THE BOWELS

PRICE, 25 Cts



ANTI-GRIPINE

IS GUARANTEED TO CURE

GRIP, BAD COLD, HEADACHE AND NEURALGIA.

I won't sell Anti-Gripine to a dealer who won't Guarantee It. Call for your MONEY BACK IF IT DOESN'T CURE.

F. W. Diemer, M.D., Manufacturer, *Springfield, Mo.*

A Bargain 3680 Acres of land in Taylor Co., Wis., with several million feet of hardwood timber; gently rolling; rich soil; running water and turnpike roads; handy to school and many settlers on adjoining lands. About 7 miles to two railroad towns. Price $12 an acre. Principals only. For particulars address Owner, Box 656, La Crosse, Wis.

AGENTS WANTED—ILLINOIS Best insurance proposition ever offered to live agents.—American Friendly Society, Urbana, Illinois.

Sure Crops and large profits are the results of farming by irrigation in Southeastern Colorado. Write for free booklet giving full particulars. Fred Mehl, Adrian, Minn

VINELESS POTATOES GROWN IN BINS ABOVE GROUND IN SIXTY DAYS. TERRITORY OR INDIVIDUAL GROWING RIGHTS. VINELESS POTATO CO., PULLMAN, ILL.

Invisible Ink For secret correspondence, very fascinating. Invisible when written, turns black by applying heat. Sent prepaid upon receipt of 25 cents, silver or stamps. A. E. IVELL, Allendale, New Jersey.

HELP WANTED California, the land of sunshine, has room for thousands of men and women from the over-crowded East. For reliable information regarding opportunities for employment, climate, etc., send $1. California Institute, box 1202, Los Angeles, Cal

IN WRITING TO ADVERTISERS, please do not fail to mention you saw the Advertisement in this paper.

PUTNAM FADELESS DYES

Color more goods brighter and faster colors than any other dye. One 10c package colors all fibers. They dye in cold water better than any other dye. You can dye any garment without ripping apart. Write for free booklet—How to Dye, Bleach and Mix Colors. MONROE DRUG CO., Quincy, Illinois

THE NEWS.

ANTIOCH, ILLINOIS.

A REPUBLICAN NEWSPAPER.

PUBLISHED WEEKLY BY
A. B. JOHNSON, - Publisher

By Mail, One Dollar Per Year, in Advance.

EDITORIAL NOTES.

President Castro is wondering how long the Algeciras Conference will keep France engaged elsewhere.

Director North says he has nothing more to say in the cotton controversy. Something to be thankful for anyhow.

Managers of the Hepburn Rate Bill contemplate providing it with a set of puncture-proof tires when it starts its round of the Senate.

Gen. Bingham has appointed a lot of chaplains to the New York police force. Hard to imagine what the General had against the chaplains.

J. J. Hill complains that this country is too extravagent. Still if a great many people had not been, Mr. Hill might still be working for a living.

Senator Tillman having laid bare the railroad situation in West Virginia, Senator Elkins will now oblige us with a few remarks on the dispensary system in South Carolina.

It is reported that Commissioner Garfield has Presidential aspirations. Doubtless the packers would come up with a handsome campaign contribution if they thought it would make him quit his present job.

Representative Gillespie, of Texas, says he was more and more astounded the deeper he explored the depths of railroad iniquity. But he admits that on starting the inquiry he knew very little about railroads.

Not so important perhaps as the Rate Bill or the Pure Food Bill, but none the less of intense interest to everybody, is a modest looking little measure by Representative Littauer which promises to pass with little discussion, and that if it does, will work a revolution in this country. It is a measure of only a few lines, providing for the compulsory use of the metric system in all government business. If it passes, the government will be advertising in kilograms, for paint to cover its warships, and expressing the demensions of its public buildings in meters and of its public domain in hectares. It may throw a momentary chill upon the public to think of hanging on the brink of such a revolution. But it will be a beneficent revolution, and the adoption of this system by the government will almost of necessity be followed by its adoption by the general public. A good many people know but do not clearly realize just what the adoption of the metric system means. It means simply the change from our old, familiar, but very clumsy and inconvenient system of weights and measures to the decimal system which is as plain and easy as is our decimal system of coinage. Sad it is to think what a beautiful chance our forefathers lost and how much needless work they caused us when they did not adopt a decimal system of weight and measures along with our coinage of dollars and dimes. We would not give up the decimal system of money now and go back to the English denominations of pennies, shillings, half crowns, pounds and guinies. But it would be just as unthinkable to drop the metric system, if we had it, and go back to feet and pounds and gallons. Think of being able to convert inches into yards, by shifting a decimal point instead of multiplying 36, and of having only one sort of pound to deal with, and that a decimal pound, instead of having three different ones and all with different ratios! The prospect seems almost too good to be true, yet the Littauer bill brings it within measurable distance. The metric system has already been legalized in the United States, is voluntarily used by most scientific workers and is already compulsory in some branches of the government service. The system has already a much greater hold in this country than people in general imagine, and its adoption by the entire government service would make it but a short step to its national adoption.

Kidney complaint kills more people than any other disease. This is due to the disease being so insidious that it gets a good hold on the system before it is recognized. Foley's Kidney Cure will prevent the development of fatal disease if taken in time. Sold by J. H. Swan,

An Impossible Task.

The artificial production of emeralds is declared to be impossible by Prof. Verneuill, the first creator of rubies.

Industrious Swiss.

Switzerland is a perfect beehive of industry and the Swiss peasants are the most industrious people in the world.

There Was the Evidence.

"Jombart is a man of strong faith, whatever else you may say of him."

"How do you guess it?"

"Just heard him order Hamburg steak."

Foley's Honey and Tar cures the cough caused by attacks of la grippe. It heals the lungs. Sold by J. H. Swan.

Auction Sales.

At Kenosha, Wis., on Saturday, March 10, at 10 o'clock a. m., Walter Dexter will sell 75 to 100 high-class horses, composed of heavy draught horses, weighing 1400 to 1600 pounds, farm horses 1200 to 1500, and driving horses from 4 to 10 years old, all well broke, serviceable and sound. All horses will be sold to harness. Horses will arrive in Kenosha on Marth 5. Will be glad to hitch and show to prospective buyers before the sale. For particulars write to Walter S. Dexter, Kenosha, Wis. Terms of sale, 90 days on good bankable notes bearing 6 per cent interest; 2 per cent off for cash.

Having rented my farm, I will sell at public auction on the farm 2 miles south-east or Salem and 3 miles south-west of Bristol, on Wednesday, Feb. 28, at 1 o'clock the following: Five head of horses, 1 black horse 7 years old weight 1500, 1 black mare 9 years old weight 1300, 1 bay mare 9 years old weight 1400, 1 chestnut mare 7 years old weight 1350, 1 brown horse 12 years old weight 1200, 2 sets of double harness, pulverizer, 2 walking plows, 3-inch tire wagon, Osborne hay rake, spring tooth cultivator, 6-shovel cultivator, hay rack, 3-section drag, set bob sleighs, 50-egg incubator, set single harness, (nearly all these tools were new last spring) 100 shocks of corn, 20 bu. of Strawbery Dent seed corn, stack of shredded fodder, and other articles Usual terms. J. H. Turnock, Prop.
Col. J. G. Wilson, Auctioneer.

The undersigned, having decided to move to Canada, will sell at public auction on the old Murrie farm, one mille west of Millburn and four miles east of Loon Lake on Friday, Feb. 23, at 10 o'clock the following: Thirty head of cattle, 15 choice Holstein springers, 1 cow with calf by side, balance new milkers and springers, 1 short horn bull 2 years old, 3 head of horses, 1 black mare 6 years old, 1 bay mare 12 years old, 1 dark bay horse 12 years old, 6 shoats, brood sow, 2 riding cultivators, walking cultivator, 2 walking plows, Scientific feed grinder, drag, hay rake, Moline hay loader, 2 hay racks, pulverizer, 2 pair bob sleighs, 2-hole Badger corn sheller, nearly new Deer & Mansor check-rower corn planter, about 200 baskets of corn, 20 tons of slough hay in barn, 15 tons of tame hay in barn, 12-foot extension table, wood heater, bed stead, and other articles. Free lunch at noon. Terms 8 months 6 per ct.
J. W. Widger, Prop.
Geo. Vogel, Auctioneer.

Notice to Church Thieves.

In a church in the east end of London the following notice is posted up: "As all the alms-boxes in this church are regularly emptied, it is not worth while to break them open."

True Religion Never Hard.

Do not expect your religion to be hard. If there be hardness in it, count that hardness to be of your making, not of God's sending.—Phillips Brooks.

Lafayette's Watch.

S. S. Wertz, of Altoona, Pa., is the proud possessor of the watch once owned by Lafayette.

German Settlers in Russia.

In Russia there are 1,700,000 German settlers.

Consumption

¶ There is no specific for consumption. Fresh air, exercise, nourishing food and Scott's Emulsion will come pretty near curing it, if there is anything to build on. Millions of people throughout the world are living and in good health on one lung.

¶ From time immemorial the doctors prescribed cod liver oil for consumption. Of course the patient could not take it in its old form, hence it did very little good. They *can* take

SCOTT'S EMULSION

and tolerate it for a long time. There is no oil, not excepting butter, so easily digested and absorbed by the system as cod liver oil in the form of Scott's Emulsion, and that is the reason it is so helpful in consumption where its use must be continuous.

¶ We will send you a sample free.

¶ Be sure that this picture in the form of a label is on the wrapper of every bottle of Emulsion you buy.



Scott & Bowne
Chemists
409 Pearl Street
New York

50c. and $1; all druggists

Stubborn Coughs and Colds CURED BY FOLEY'S HONEY AND TAR

Obstinate, racking Coughs that make your head ache, your throat and lungs sore and inflamed, that rob you of sleep until your system becomes so run down that you are in grave danger of Pneumonia or Consumption, are quickly cured by **Foley's Honey and Tar.**

FOLEY'S HONEY AND TAR

soothes and heals the inflamed air passages, allays the feverish conditions, stops the cough and prevents serious results from a cold.

FOLEY'S HONEY AND TAR

is the only prominent cough medicine on the market that does not contain opiates or harmful drugs of any kind and on this account is safest for children.

It is unexcelled for Croup and Whooping Cough and will quickly cure the racking cough which follows measles and leaves so many children with weak lungs unless properly treated.

Remember the name — **Foley's Honey and Tar**—and refuse substitutes that cost **you the same** as the genuine. Do not take chances with some unknown preparation.

Consumption Threatened.

C. Unger, 211 Maple St., Champaign, Ill., writes: "I was troubled with a hacking cough for a year and I thought I had consumption. I tried a great many remedies and I was under the care of physicians for several months. I used one bottle of Foley's Honey and Tar; it cured me, and I have not been troubled since."

Three sizes—25c, 50c, $1.00.

The 50 cent size contains two and one-half times as much as the small size and the $1.00 bottle almost six times as much.

SOLD AND RECOMMENDED BY

JAMES H. SWAN

Kronberg Skipped the Lecture.

When I was in Paris I lived at 49 Boulevard Montparnasse, and on the same floor with my studio John Wanamaker's Sunday evening services were held, conducted by Dr. Paxton from Philadelphia. As a rule, refreshments were served after the lecture, including lemonade, cakes, etc.

One Sunday evening, after Dr. Paxton had finished his talk, several of us went in and partook of some of the refreshments. While I was drinking the lemonade a gentleman came over to me and said "Good evening," and shook my hand. I looked at him but could not remember him, and begging his pardon, I asked him his name.

He said: "Haven't you been listening to me all this evening?"

I replied: "No; I only just came in to get a glass of lemonade."

We became very good friends after that.—Boston Herald.

Foley's Honey and Tar is best for croup and whooping cough, contains no opiates, and cures quickly. Careful mothers keep it in the house. Sold by J. H. Swan.

Veterans Feel Their Age.

The passing of the old leaders in the senate was strikingly emphasized in a little incident that happened on the opening day of the session just before the upper house was called to order. Senator Teller met Senator Allison in the corridor and said: "Mr. Allison, twenty-nine years ago to-day I was sworn in as a senator of the United States. You are the only member of the body besides myself who was here then. I also learned to-day that there is not a single employe of the senate who was here at that time. We are getting old, senator; we are getting old." Tears sprang to the eyes of both gray-haired veterans.

To Break Up Fresh Cold.

It is well to remember that a fresh cold in the head may sometimes be broken up immediately if treated early by snuffing warm salt water up the nose from the palm of the hand.

Duke of Argyll.

The Duke of Argyll was sixty years of age recently. During the last twenty-one years he has produced upward of a dozen books, including the opera of "Diarmir" in the great jubilee year.

A Healing Gospel.

The Rev. J. C. Warren, pastor of Sharon Baptist Church, Belair, Ga., says of Electric Bitters: "It's a Godsend to mankind. It cured me of lame back, stiff joints and complete physical collapse. I was so weak it took me half an hour to walk a mile. Two bottles of Electric Bitters have made me so strong that I have just walked three miles in 50 minutes and feel like walking three more. It's made a new man of me." The greatest remedy for weakness and all Stomach, Liver and Kidney complaints. Sold under guarantee at J. H. Swan's drug store. Price 50c.

Snuffbox in Her Stocking.

It was a sunny day and several passengers on the ferry boat were sitting on the outside benches. One middle-aged, quietly dressed and obviously respectable woman sat alone. Presently she reached down, pulled up her skirts and drew a small box from out of her stocking. She opened the box and took therefrom a pinch of snuff. This done, she replaced the box in her stocking and fastened her garter. The pungent odor of snuff pervaded the air, but the woman appeared unconcerned to the point of defiance.

"Well!" exclaimed one man to himself or anybody who chanced to hear him. "I wouldn't have believed it if I hadn't seen it."—New York Press.

Don't deceive yourself. If you have indigestion take Kodol Dyspepsia Cure. t will relieve you. Rev. W. E. Hocutt, South Mills, N. C., says: "I was troubled with chronic indigestion for several years whatever I ate seemed to cause heartburn, sour stomach, fluttering of my heart, and general depression of mind and body. My druggist reccommended Kodol; and it has relieved me. I can now eat anything and sleep soundly at night. Kodol Digests what you eat. J. H. Swan.

Elder Goodwin's Large Hands.

A story comes from Milton, N. H., of an old clergyman named Goodwin. He was a tall, broad-shouldered man, and was said to have the largest hands of any man for miles around.

One noon a young man named Allen was taking dinner at the elder's house. It was the elder's custom to ask a blessing at the table, and Allen had evidently not been used to this sort of thing, for, instead of waiting, he began to eat. The elder raised his hand with restraining gesture and said:

"Pause, young man."

"Paws," was the reply. "I should think to the Lord they was paws."

All old time cough syrups bind the bowels. This is wrong. A new idea was advanced two years ago in Kennedy's Laxative Honey and Tar. This remedy acts on the mucous membranes of the throat and lungs and loosens the bowels at the same time. It expells all cold from the system. It cleares the throat, strengthens the mucous membranes, relieves coughs, colds, croup, whooping cough, etc. Sold by J. H. Swan,

The Passing of Youth.

Youth is an invitation to a mask ball, which we all accept. We mingle with the dancers until our fancy fixes upon a domino and a pair of tripping feet with which to tread a measure. We become weary of the dance and go out into the moonlight to "sit" it out. Then we unmask and, presto, the ball is over and youth is dead.—Portland Oregonian.

They never gripe or sicken, but cleanse and strengthen the stomach, liver and bowels. This is the universal verdict of the many thousands who use DeWitt's Little Early Risers. These famous little pills relieve headache, constipation billousness, jaundice, torpid liver, sallow complexion, etc. Try Little Early Risers. J. H. Swan.

Own Carriages in Common.

A curious custom exists in Genoa. Many of the well-to-do people, as well as those in moderate circumstances, do not own either horses or carriages. They own only an interest in them. Four or five or half a dozen great families club together and buy a carriage and horses; then they arrange among themselves the days the different families will use it.

Mothers can safely give Foley's Honey and Tar to their children for coughs and colds, for it contains no opiates or other poisons. Sold by J. H. Swan.

Word From Br'er Williams.

"When you see Trouble comin' down de big road, des start de household' ter singin', en w'en he knock at de do', tell him dat you havin' of a concert, en dat he can't come in widout a invitation, en dar's no free tickets!"—Atlanta Constitution.

What She Means.

When a married woman says she has all the rights she wants, what she really means is that she has a good husband. In America most men are so much better than the law that most women never find out how bad the law is.—Woman's Journal.

Output of Silver.

Nearly one-third of the silver now existing in the world was mined in Mexico

Ayer's Pills Wake up your liver. Cure your constipation. Get rid of your biliousness. Sold for 60 years. J. C. Ayer Co., Lowell, Mass.

Want your moustache or beard a beautiful brown or rich black? Use **BUCKINGHAM'S DYE** Fifty cts. of Druggists or R. P. Hall & Co., Nashua, N. H.

NOW THAT WINTER is about over, you need a general tonic and builder.

BEEF, IRON & WINE is one of the best tonics. It promotes digestion, improves the appetite and gives energy to the entire system. The price is 75 cents for a full pint bottle at

Swan's Drug Store, Antioch, Ill.

DR. E. FORD GAVIN,
Graduate St. Luke's Hospital, Chicago.
SPECIALIST.
Diseases of
Eye, Ear, Nose and Throat
SPECIAL ATTENTION DEVOTED TO
Treatment of Various Facial Blemishes



Spectacles and Eyeglasses.
Fitted Accurately at Lowest Prices.
OFFICE IN "THE GABLES."
Hours: 8 to 12 a. m., 1 to 6 and 7 to 8 p. m., except Thursday afternoons. Sundays 9:30 to 12 a. m.
Residence 1069 North Avenue, WAUKEGAN.
Consultation Free. Best Chicago References.

James A. Thom, M. D. C.
Veterinarian
'PHONE—Millburn.
ADDRESS—Antioch R. F. D. No. 2.

The Brooke-Barlow Investment Co.
has Money To Loan
on good improved farms at 5 per cent interest. Inquire
29 BANK OF ANTIOCH.

Dr. James H. Reading,
..DENTIST..
Central Block Antioch, Illinois

The Central South

The abode of Soft Winds, Persistent Sunshine and Gentle Rains; the land of Beauty, Happiness, Flowers, Contentment and Health.

The Territory served by the Louisville & Nashville Railroad, stretching from the Ohio River to the Gulf.

Throughout this wide area fertile land is yet to be had at—from a Northern standpoint—VERY LOW PRICES.
From some of this land an average of $416.95, net, was made last year on Strawberries. From Cantaloupes $250.00.
Peaches, Apples, Grapes, return handsomely. Cattle need but little winter feed.
Write me for Facts and Figures.

G. A. Park, Gen. Immigration and Industrial Ag't,

Louisville & Nashville R. R.
LOUISVILLE, KENTUCKY.



F. S. MORRELL,
DENTIST.
Lake Villa, Ill.

T. N. DONNELLY & Co.
Loan and Diamond Brokers
118 Dearborn St., Chicago, Ill.,
Between Washington and Madison.

DIAMONDS, WATCHES, ALL KINDS JEWELRY at less than cost. At half the price you pay the regular stores. Dec 19 01 y1

The Security Savings Bank

WAUKEGAN, ILLINOIS.

CAPITAL $50,000.00 SURPLUS $50,000.00

CHARLES WHITNEY, President.
GEO. R. LYON, Vice-President.
THEO. H. DURST, Cashier.

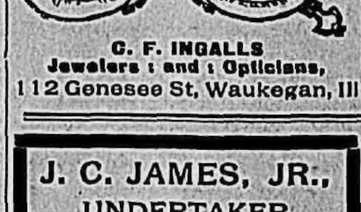
TRANSACTS A GENERAL AND SAVINGS BANK BUSINESS.

The Bank has a Safety Deposit Vault as Good as the Best in the United States. Large Enough to Accommodate All of the People of Lake County. In charge of a Competent and Reliable Attendant.

Box Rental Very Reasonable.

Heavy Masonry Construction. Lined Top, Bottom and Sides, with Railroad Steel Rails; Filled with Concrete, and then Lined Again with Heavy Plate Steel. CALL AND INSPECT IT.

SPECTACLES SCIENTIFICALLY FITTED



C. F. INGALLS
Jewelers and Opticians,
112 Genesee St, Waukegan, Ill

J. C. James, Jr.,
Justice of the Peace
Notary Public
Collections, Legal Work and Fire Insurance
Special Agent
PRUDENTIAL LIFE INSURANCE CO

J. C. JAMES, JR.,
UNDERTAKER.
Licensed Embalmer
Licensed by the State Board of Health

KILL THE COUGH AND CURE THE LUNGS
WITH **Dr. King's New Discovery**
FOR CONSUMPTION COUGHS and COLDS
Price 50c & $1.00
Free Trial.
Surest and Quickest Cure for all THROAT and LUNG TROUBLES, or MONEY BACK.

Sour Stomach

No appetite, loss of strength, nervousness, headache, constipation, bad breath, general debility, sour risings, and catarrh of the stomach are all due to indigestion. Kodol cures indigestion. This new discovery represents the natural juices of digestion as they exist in a healthy stomach, combined with the greatest known tonic and reconstructive properties. Kodol Dyspepsia Cure does not only cure indigestion and dyspepsia, but this famous remedy cures all stomach troubles by cleansing, purifying, sweetening and strengthening the mucous membranes lining the stomach.

Mr. S. S. Ball, of Ravenswood, W. Va., says:—"I was troubled with sour stomach for twenty years. Kodol cured me and we are now using it in milk for baby."

Kodol Digests What You Eat.
Bottles only. $1.00 Size holding 2½ times the trial size, which sells for 50 cents.
Prepared by E. O. DeWITT & CO., CHICAGO.
Ask for the 1906 Dodol Almanac and 200 Year Calendar.
J. H. SWAN, ANTIOCH.

ADJOINING TOWNS

From our Staff of Able Correspondents.

LAKE VILLA, ILL.

Charles Hamlin and U. C. Monson drove to Waukegan on Saturday.

Lee Nelson and family of Ingleside visited at H. J. Nelsons on Sunday.

Rev. Hitchcock has recovered from his recent illness.

Dr. Hesslegrave moved his family into the Lund house last week.

Mr. Crane has been visiting his cousin, Wm. Barnstable.

Miss Lillian McMahon went to the city Friday to hear the singer, Calve.

Mrs. C. B. Dix spent Thursday and Friday in Lake Villa.

Mrs. Chas. Harbaugh and Mrs. Potter spent Saturday in the city.

Mrs. Mort Kapple returned to her home on Saturday, after several weeks spent in a Chicago hospital.

Olive Nelson and Ethel Hawkins visited in Waukegan from Friday evening until Sunday.

Mr. Charles Harbaugh spent the fore part of last week at the Lumbermans convention in Chicago.

Charles Hamlin is moving into the McNalty house and John Kerr and sister move into the Hamlin house which they recently purchased.

Mrs. C. G. Nelson shipped her household goods on Saturday, and on Tuesday she and Lynette left to join Mr. Nelson at Longmont, Colorodo.

GRAYSLAKE, ILL.

Mrs. Bullard is entertaining her sister and little son from Chilacotha, Mis.

Mr. and Mrs. Denyes have been entertaining friends from away.

Ed. Washburn has been spending a few days with friends at Lake Forest.

E. S. Adams spent Saturday and part of Sunday night with his mother at Deerfield.

Miss Jessie Thayer has been spending a few days at her home here.

Mrs. F. C. Wilbur spent Monday and Tuesday with relatives in Waukegan.

Rev. T. E. Stevens of Franklin Grove, a former pastor here, spent Thursday and Friday calling on old friends.

Dr. and Mrs. Rickey attended the funeral of Mrs. Rickey's brother, John Price, at Libertyville on Monday.

V. R. Sherman of California, who is visiting Mr. and Mrs. Geo. Thomson, is ill at their home.

Mrs. A. W. Harvey, who underwent a critical operation at the Presbyterian hospital on Thursday, is doing as well as can be expected.

Sorosis Chapter O. E. S. celebrated their 10th anniversary at Masonic hall on Tuesday evening and a very enjoyable time was had.

Don't fail to attend the colored concert at M. W. A. hall on Friday evening, March 2. Admission, adults 25c, children under 12 years 15c.

Mr. and Mrs. Ed. Mason, who sold their farm to E. Harris, have rented Clinton Washburn's new tenement house and will move here soon.

Bert Johnson will move his family to a farm near Ivanhoe March 1. Eugene Galiger of Fox Lake will move on the farm vacated by him.

The many friends of Miss Maude Turner gave her a surprise at the home of Miss Mabel Wicks on Saturday evening and a delightful time was had.

The Valentine social on Thursday evening held at the home of Mr. and Mrs. Robinson by Mr. Robinson's Sunday school class of boys, was a grand success, about 100 hundred being present.

Harry Rich has purchased a lot of P. A. Robinson, between the residence of Mr. Allen and the one occupied by Mr. Root, and will begin work at once for a new residence.

MILLBURN, ILL.

John McCredie is able to be out again.

Mrs. John Wedge's brother, Mr. Dewey, is here for visit from the west.

C. E. topic—Nessima and missions in Japan. Lucy Spafford, leader.

George Dodge visited last Saturday at Rochester.

Mr. and Mrs. Bock returned Friday from a two weeks visit at Grand Rapids, Mich.

Herbert Mathews was taken ill with pneumonia last Monday, we all hope for his speedy recovery.

Miss Marie Popp of Barrington returned home last Sunday after an extended visit with Mrs. Geo. Gerrity.

Several friends of Edd Cunningham walked in and surprised him last Friday evening.

John Trotter has been on the sick list for a few days and the latter part of the week he sawed the end of his thumb off with his buzz saw.

The most reliable preparation on the market for kidney trouble is Foley's Kidney Cure. Sold by J. H. Swan.

HICKORY, ILL.

The sale of Wells & Hollenbeck was well attended.

Almond Webb spent the latter part of the week calling on relatives at this place.

Don't forget the school entertainment at the church on Friday evening.

Mr. Magee was entertained over Sunday at D. B. Webb,s.

Mrs. Lee Savage and children spent a few days at Wilson Kings last week.

Mr. Chet Huller of Union Grove, spent Sunday at Ed. Wells.

Mrs. Andrew Grant returned to the city on Saturday after spending the week with her sister.

About thirty of the friends of Mr. and Mrs. Slocum enjoyed an oyster stew at their home on Friday evening. A most enjoyable time was had by everyone. The occasion being Mr. and Mrs. Slocum's birthdays.

A Thousand Dollars Thrown Away.

Mr. W. W. Baker, of Plainview, Neb., writes: "My wife had lung trouble for over fifteen years. We tried a number of doctors and spent over a thousand dollars without any relief. She was very low and I lost all hope, when a friend suggested trying Foley's Honey and Tar, which I did; and thanks be to this great remedy, it saved her life. She is stronger and enjoys better health than she has ever known in ten years. We shall never be without Foley's Honey and Tar and would ask afflicted to try it." Sold by J. H. Swan.

She Was Ready for Him.

He had come to break off the engagement. His mother didn't approve of his choice. Besides, he felt that he was too timid to assume the responsibilities of married life.

It wasn't a pleasant task.

"I have come," he said, "to say that—isn't there some one stirring at the side door?"

"It is nothing," she hastily answered. "You were about to say that—"

"I were about—I mean I was about to say that I think that we have—I mean I have, made a mistake in—I'm sure I hear somebody snuffling at the keyhole!"

She laughed in an unmirthful way.

"Yes," she said, "my football brother with his brindle bulldog are out there waiting."

He didn't ask what they were waiting for.

"I have come to say, dearest," he briskly remarked, "that I think I have made a mistake in permitting you to put our wedding day so far ahead."—Cleveland Plain Dealer.

Frightfully Burned.

Chas. W. Moore, a machinist of Ford City, Pa., had his hand frightfully burned in an electrical furnace. He applied Bucklen's Arnica Salve with the usual result "a quick and perfect cure." Greatest healer on earth for burns, wounds, sores, eczema and piles. 25c at J. H. Swan, druggist.

A New Americanism.

Henry James has made, during his American visit, a collection of curious phrases and expressions—he calls them "Americanisms."

At a dinner in New York Mr. James, chuckling a good deal, repeated an Americanism that he had heard that day.

"A philanthropic lady," he said, "one of those ladies whose delight is is to do good, summoned a parlor maid and said earnestly:

"'Jane, I take a real interest in your welfare. Now, tell me, is there anything serious between you and the grocer's delivery man?'

"'Well, ma'am,' Jane answered, blushing, 'we are keeping company.'

"'Keeping company? Do you mean by that odd phrase that you are betrothed?'

"'No, ma'am, not yet. We've only got as far as waisting.'"

Motor Repair Wagons.

The London county council now uses motor repair wagons to attend to breakdowns on the street railways.

Spinach From Arabia.

Spinach was first cultivated in Arabia.

Ayer's

Feed your hair; nourish it; give it something to live on. Then it will stop falling, and will grow long and heavy. Ayer's Hair Vigor is the only

Hair Vigor

hair food you can buy. For 60 years it has been doing just what we claim it will do. It will not disappoint you.

"My hair used to be very short. But after using Ayer's Hair Vigor a short time it began to grow, and now it is fourteen inches long. This seems a splendid result to me after being almost without any hair."
MRS. A. H. FITCH, Colorado Springs, Colo.

All druggists. J. C. AYER CO., Lowell, Mass.

for

Short Hair

Over-Work Weakens Your Kidneys.

Unhealthy Kidneys Make Impure Blood.

All the blood in your body passes through your kidneys once every three minutes.



The kidneys are your blood purifiers, they filter out the waste or impurities in the blood.

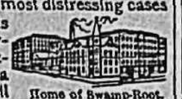
If they are sick or out of order, they fail to do their work.

Pains, aches and rheumatism come from excess of uric acid in the blood, due to neglected kidney trouble.

Kidney trouble causes quick or unsteady heart beats, and makes one feel as though they had heart trouble, because the heart is over-working in pumping thick, kidney-poisoned blood through veins and arteries.

It used to be considered that only urinary troubles were to be traced to the kidneys, but now modern science proves that nearly all constitutional diseases have their beginning in kidney trouble.

If you are sick you can make no mistake by first doctoring your kidneys. The mild and the extraordinary effect of Dr. Kilmer's **Swamp-Root,** the great kidney remedy is soon realized. It stands the highest for its wonderful cures of the most distressing cases and is sold on its merits by all druggists in fifty-cent and one-dollar sizes. You may have a sample bottle by mail free, also pamphlet telling you how to find out if you have kidney or bladder trouble. Mention this paper when writing Dr. Kilmer & Co., Binghamton, N. Y.



Home of Swamp-Root.

Don't make any mistake, but remember the name, Swamp-Root. Dr. Kilmer's Swamp-Root, and the address, Binghamton, N. Y., on every bottle.

HOW THE INDIANS CURE CORN.

Artificial Heat Used to Secure Supply for Season.

Long shallow ditches are made in the ground and filled with dry wood which is set on fire. In the meantime the young maidens are busy picking the tenderest corn, and if faithful to duty, soon return with bags filled with the long ears.

A mother, impatient at the tardiness of her daughter, calls: "To-dae-win, why are you so slow?" "I'm coming!" answers a girlish voice from the further end of the field, but she does not come. Again the mother calls: "The fire is ready, why don't you hurry?" "I'm coming!" shouts the maiden. There is a rustling of the leaves of the stalks, and she does really come; she starts to tell a tale of excuse, but the mother quickly empties the bag, giving no heed to the story, and begins to remove the outer layers of husk from the ear. Then she places them in a row on the live coals in the ditch and turns them over with a stick.

When the thin layers of husk are scorched the woman with her stick deftly tosses the ears out of the ditch. In the meantime the daughter continues her task with more or less delay, until a sufficient quantity of corn is gathered for the day's work. After the roasting of all the ears, the scorched husks are removed and the grains of corn are separated from the cob by the use of the sharpedged shell of the freshwater mussel. The grain is then spread on skins and put out in the sun to dry. The corn prepared in this manner is called sweet corn by the Indians. Enough is cured in this way to last the family a whole season.—Southern Workman.

A man who once had rough horny hands made them soft and smooth with Witch Hazel Salve, but he used the genuine—that bearing the name "E. C. DeWitt & Co. Chicago." For sores, boils, cuts, burns, bruises etc., it has no equal, and affords almost immediate relief from blind, bleeding, itching and protruding piles. Sold by J. H. Swan.

The Stage Nurse.

I should like to comment upon the idiosyncrasies of the stage nurse, of her propensities for sitting on the chest of the hero, when he is shot through the lung, or for covering with her uniform cloak the rags of the second assistant heroine during the onset of the cotton wool snowstorm, thereby disclosing an elaborate evening dress underneath.—Manchester Medical Students' Gazette.

The New Cough Syrup—the one that acts as a mild cathartic on the bowels—is Kennedy's Laxative Honey and Tar. It expells all colds from the system, cuts the phlegm out of the throat, strengthens the mucous membranes of the bronichial tubes and relieves croup, whooping cough, etc. Children love it. Sold by J. H. Swan.

The Golden Mean.

"The apartments on the tenth floor," said the manager of the skyscraper flats, "command a higher rent than any others, because they're the safest in the building."

"Indeed?" murmured the homeseeker.

"Oh, yes, you see, few air ships ever fly that low, and automobiles never jump that high."—Philadelphia Public Ledger.

Likes East African Climate.

Prof. Koch has astonished his friends at home by writing from Uhede that he has found a delightful climate in the part of German east Africa traversed by him. The air has a splendid tonic quality. At times he felt as if he were in Norway or at a Swedish resort. He was highly pleased with the results of his trip.

Winter coughs are apt to result in consumption if neglected. They can be soon broken up by using Foley's Honey and Tar. Sold by J. H. Swan.

CLEARANCE SALE

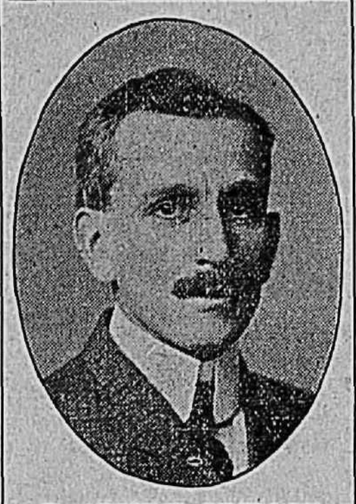
JUST BEFORE THE ANNUAL INVENTORY, AND WE FIND ITEM AFTER ITEM WHICH must go at some price. We find broken lots in every section, but will not confine this great clearance to broken lots—everything will be offered at a sharp reduction to effect a big clearance. Everybody who feels like saving money should come. Do not put off coming until the last minute. Come early while the stocks are most complete.—For example, we enumerate a few items.

25 per cent. off on Men's Canvas Coats. 25 per cent off on Boy's Clothing.
30 per cent. discount on Men's Underwear.
30 per cent. off on Men's Felt Boot Combinations.
30 per cent. off on Gloves and Mittens. 50 per cent. off on Millinery.
33⅓ per cent. off on Ladies' and Children's Cloaks and Shirt Waists.

→ EXTRA SPECIALS ←

6 Cold Blast Lantern Globes	$.25	Pierce's Favorite Prescription	.75
4 Large Size Lamp Chimneys	.25	$1.00 size Kilmer's Swamp Root	.75
Fairbank's Gold Dust, large package	.17	50c size Kilmer's Swamp Root	.39
25 pound sack Buckwheat Flour	.65	Mennen's Talcum Powder	.15
25c size Butter Color	.15	Juddson's Pills	.17
A. B. Stove Polish	.05	25c Cascarets	.18
Armour's Extract of Beef	.35	10c Cascarets	.08
Fletcher's Castoria	.25	Lydia Pinkham Vegetable Compound	.75
Pierce's Pellet Pills	.15	2 Bottles Vaseline	.05
Pierce's Golden Medical Discovery	.75	1 pound package 20-Mule Borax	.08

F. D. BATTERSHALL, General Merchandise, Grayslake, Illinois.



T. ARTHUR SIMPSON

Candidate for

County Supt. of Schools

Subject to the Action of the Republican Primaries April 28.

T. A. Simpson was born in Lake Forest in 1869. The family home was for thirty-three years in Benton township. He attended country school there and graduated from the Waukegan High school in '87. He also attended the Lake Forest university for a time, taking the teachers course. He has taught in the county for twelve years and is now principal of the North School of Waukegan.

Adv. c. o. w. tf

The Yellow Fever Germ

has recently been discovered. It bears a close resemblance to the malaria germ. To free the system from disease germs, the most effective remedy is Dr. King's New Life Pills. Guaranteed to cure all diseases due to malaria poison and constipation. 25c. at J. H. Swan's drug store.

A Station Without Signals.

There is no chance of a signalman making a mistake at Wanstrow Station—the smallest on the Great Western railway—for the simple reason that there are no signals, and, consequently, no signalman. The station is situated on the Wells branch of Somersetshire, between Witham and Cranmore, a structure consisting of a platform about 24 yards long and a small waiting room. In the waiting-room is a fire grate, and on the platform one lamp. No station master, porter, or other staff is kept at Wanstrow, the station being under the supervision of the Witham station master, who pays occasional visits to the place to see that everything is in order. In the winter a platelayer makes a fire in the waiting-room, attends to it during the day, and lights the platform lamp when necessary.—London Tit Bits.

Roosters Die from Drink.

Two prize old roosters drank themselves to death up in Allentown, Pa. They were really roosters of the Leghorn variety. They were on exhibition at a chicken show and their owner, to freshen them up a bit, gave them colchicum wine, from the effects of which both died. They were valued at $500.

Drunkards in London.

About 6,000 drunkards are admitted to Pentonville prison, London, every year, says the medical officer.

Radium Enhances Diamond Values.

The value of diamonds as fancy stones can be materially increased by the action of radium.

Capital in Motor Cars.

The British motor car trade, though less than a decade old, already involves the sum of $20,000,000 a year.

Just a little Kodol after meals will relieve that fulness, belching, gas on stomach and all other symptoms of indigestion. Kodol digests what you eat, and enables the stomach and digestive organs to perform their functions naturally. Sold by J. H. Swan.

SPECIAL ROUND TRIP

HOMESEEKER'S EXCURSIONS

TO THE

SOUTH-WEST

TEXAS, OKLAHOMA, MISSOURI, INDIAN TERRITORY, ARKANSAS,

March 6 and 20. April 3 and 17.

11tf

75 PER CENT OF THE ONE WAY RATE FOR ROUND TRIP.

STOP-OVERS WILL BE ALLOWED GOING AND RETURNING.

For further particulars Call on or Address **GEO. E. WEBB, Antioch, Ill.**

ADVERTISE IN THE NEWS.

Luckiest Man in Arkansas.

"I'm the luckiest man in Arkansas," writes A. L. Stanley, of Bruno, "since the restoration of my wife's health after five years of continuous coughing and bleeding from the lungs; and I owe my good fortune to the worlds greatest medicine, Dr. King's New Discovery for Consumption, which I know from experience will cure consumption if taken in time. My wife improved with first bottle and twelve bottles completed the cure." Cures the worst coughs and colds or money refunded. At J. H. Swan's, druggist. 50c and $1.00. Trial bottle free.

Trouble Breeds Trouble.

"It is odd," mused the philosophical lawyer, "that when a man gets heavy damages to his person or his property he immediately flies to the courts to get some more."—Baltimore American.

Can Afford to Forget Enemies.

If you have made and are making the right kind of friends in this world don't waste any time troubling about your enemies.—John A. Howland.

Priestly Humorists.

Five of the greatest humorists that ever made the world ring with laughter were priests—Rabelais, Scarron, Swift, Sterne and Sidney Smith.

United Kingdom Railway Employ.

The railway companies of England and Wales employ 312,000 men. The Scottish and Irish companies employ 40,000.

A Night Alarm.

Worse than an alarm of fire at night is the brassy cough of croup, which sounds like the children's death knell and it means death unless something is done quickly. Foley's Honey and Tar never fails to give instant relief and quickly cures the worst forms of croup. Mrs. P. L. Cordier, of Mannington, Ky., writes: "My three year old girl had a severe case of croup; the doctor said she could not live. I got a bottle of Foley's Honey and Tar, the first dose gave quick relief and saved her life." Refuse substitutes. Sold by J. H. Swan.

The Chronic Bachelor.

The age of a house can sometimes be concealed by a few coats of fresh paint. Theoretically, it is the same with a woman.—Cleveland Leader.

Beneficial Effects of Whistling.

Swedish physicians say whistling will do much toward the development of a robust physical frame.

In Busy London.

There are 391 railway passenger stations within twelve miles of St. Paul's, London.

Brigands Fire on Train.

Armed brigands opened a fusillade of rifle shots on a train that refused to halt at their summons, near Alora, in the province of Malaga, Spain, one passenger being wounded.

We promptly obtain U. S. and Foreign

PATENTS

Send model, sketch or photo of invention for free report on patentability. For free book, How to Secure Patents and TRADE-MARKS write to

G. A. SNOW & CO.

OPPOSITE U. S. PATENT OFFICE. WASHINGTON, D. C.

BANK OF ANTIOCH,

EDWARD BROOK, BANKER.

BUY AND SELL EXCHANGE, AND DO A GENERAL BANKING BUSINESS.

WISCONSIN CENTRAL RAILWAY CO.

Antioch Station 58 Miles North of Chicago

TIME CARD—Antioch Station.

GOING NORTH

Lv. Chicago.		Ar. Antioch.
8:35 AM	No. 5, Daily ex Sunday	10:40 AM
1:30 PM	No. 7, Daily ex Sunday	3:15 PM
4:00 PM	No. 13, Daily	6:30 PM

GOING SOUTH

Lv. Antioch.		Ar. Chicago.
7:13 AM	No. 14, Daily	10:20 AM
11:17 AM	No. 8, Daily ex. Sunday	1:05 PM
4:20 PM	No. 6, Daily ex Sunday	6:15 PM
9:08 PM	No. 2, Daily	10:50 PM

Patrons can now board or leave the above trains at Halstead street, Chicago, instead of the Central station if so desired.

GEO. KUHAUPT, Agent, Antioch.

CHICAGO & MILWAUKEE ELECTRIC RAILROAD COMPANY.

Cars run between Lake Bluff and Rockefeller once every hour, leaving Lake Bluff on the even hour and returning from Rockefeller on the half hour.

Cars pass Lake Bluff going North and South every twenty minutes on the even hour and at 20 and 40 minutes after the hour.

Cars leave Waukegan for Zion City every 60 minutes on the even hour.

SEQUOIT LODGE, No. 827, A. F. & A. M., holds regular communications the First and Third Wednesday evenings of every month. Visiting Brethern always welcome.

The Eastern Star meets Second and Fourth Wednesdays of each month.

GEO. BARTLETT, Sec'y.
SOL. LAPLANT, M. W.

LOTUS CAMP No. 557 M. W. A. meets at 7:30 the first and third Monday evening of every month, in Woodmen hall, Antioch, Illinois. Visiting Neighbors always welcome

C. M. MANLEY, V. C.
J. C. JAMES, JR., Clerk.

To Revive Artificial Flowers.

Hold them over the steam arising from boiling water for a minute or two.

What They Expect.

Most people expect big dividends on the self-denial they practice.

The Antioch News.

A. B. JOHNSON, Publisher

ANTIOCH, - - - ILLINOIS.

CIRCLING THE GLOBE.

In a battle between a posse of citizens at Evansport, Ohio, and four robbers, one of the robbers was wounded, but they succeeded in escaping in a rig stolen from a farmer. The postoffice safe was dynamited, and only $30 worth of stamps taken.

The Iowa House of Representatives passed Offil's anti-firecracker bill. The measure makes it a misdemeanor punishable by fine and imprisonment in the county jail to discharge firecrackers, toy pistols, revolvers and other explosives July 4.

Miss Alice Roosevelt was married to Congressman Nicholas Longworth in the White House in the presence of a brilliant gathering of nearly 1,000 leaders in official and social life. The pair were favored with "bride's weather" and no incident occurred to mar the event.

Six railroads entering Kansas City have decided to build a magnificent passenger depot to represent a total cost of $20,000,000. The six roads interested in the enterprise are the Santa Fe, Chicago, Milwaukee and St. Paul, St. Louis and San Francisco, Chicago, Rock Island and Pacific, Chicago and Alton, and the Union Pacific.

Mount Sutton, a lofty promontory three miles from Hot Sulphur Springs, Colo., has developed into an active volcano, flames and smoke belching from a crevice far up the mountain side. A party of citizens approached as near the crater as they dared, only to be driven back by stifling sulphuric fumes. Alarm is felt, though up to date there has been little lava emitted.

In a railroad accident at Kile, Ohio, Miss Maude Kile was instantly killed and Miss Georgia Robinson fatally injured. Miss Robinson was carried half a mile on the pilot of the engine. The young women were each 17 years of age, and were en route to the Plain City high school in a buggy. While crossing the tracks of the Ohio Central road they were struck by a train. The buggy was completely demolished.

BREVITIES.

Marie Jansen, the actress, has decided to contest her father's will.

Nance O'Neil, the actress, has lost her summer home near Boston through a mortgage foreclosure.

Clement Armand Fallieres has taken the oath of office as President of France and Loubet retires to private life.

Gov. Folk, Senator Bailey and Clark Howell will be among the speakers at the Jefferson day banquet in Kansas City April 13.

John A. McCall, former president of the New York Life Insurance Company, died at Lakewood, N. J., after an illness brought on by the legislative inquiry.

Bishop Turner of the A. M. E. church declared at Macon, Ga., that the American flag was a dirty rag. He was talking on the wrongs suffered by the negro race.

Although condemned to electrocution for murder, Frank Castor of Canton, Ohio, said at the jail at Columbus that the Legislature should not abolish capital punishment.

Edward Bruce, a half-breed Indian who married a prominent Easton (Pa.) girl, was sent to prison for fourteen years for brutal treatment of his wife. Bruce once owned a vast estate.

Six large brick blocks in the business section of Rutland, Vt., occupied by nearly a score of firms and many smaller tenants, were destroyed by fire. The loss is estimated at $750,000.

William Gadd of Adams Mills was brought to Zanesville, Ohio, to be treated for hiccoughs, from which he has been suffering. Physicians have been baffled so far, and despair of curing him.

Each carrying to the gallows the memory of a triple murder, John Mueller and Robert Newcomb were hung at the Cook county jail in Chicago. Neither of the men showed fear as he went to execution.

Henry Raische, a saloonkeeper at the northwest corner of Second and John streets, Cincinnati, was shot and killed by one of three masked robbers who entered his place for the purpose of robbing him.

The "Py" grain elevator owned by F. H. Peavey & Co. of Minneapolis, situated on Rice's Point, Duluth, was destroyed by fire, with a loss of $1,000,000. The house contained 700,000 bushels of mixed grain.

Three men were killed and twenty girls were injured by an explosion at the Hercules powder plant, eighteen miles north of Louisiana, Mo. The dead men are named Booth, Wright and Nord, all of Hannibal, Mo.

August Lemke, a retired farmer, vice president of a bank at Waldo, Kan., was found dead from gas asphyxiation in a room in Kansas City. Indications are that he accidentally left the gas jet open when he retired.

H. Stantz, proprietor of the Pacific hotel at Pomona, Cal., was shot and mortally wounded by his young wife, who used a revolver. Stantz had been to the theater and upon returning home had a quarrel with his wife.

Ralph Caldwell and John Wilson of Chicago, each 16 years old, who came West to look for Indians and buffaloes, were picked up in the Union station in Omaha by the police and held at the city jail. Their parents were notified.

A salesman for Heathcote & Co. in New York was robbed of $10,000 worth of gems on a Brooklyn bridge car the other night. There is nothing to identify the package, as the gems were in a plain box without the firm's name. The robbery was committed during a fake fight.

William Whittaker was caught in the act of robbery in St. Louis by the light of a candle furnished to a policeman by Whittaker's mother. He had entered a nearby store. Policeman Chrismer, with the assistance of Mrs. Whittaker, who did not know it was her son, captured him.

FROM CRADLE TO ALTAR.

Born Under Sad Circumstances, the Bride's Girlhood Was Happy.

St. Valentine's day, in 1884, was the saddest day in the life of Theodore Roosevelt. That day the death angel descended upon the old-fashioned, roomy home at 6 West Fifty-seventh street, New York, to which he had but a short while before brought his bride, Alice Hathaway Lee of Boston, and where the young couple had dwelt in happiness with his mother, Martha Bullock Roosevelt. He was then a member of the Legislature, but had been required to spend much of his time at home, on account of his mother's illness and because, Feb. 11, of the same year, a little girl had been born into the family whom he named Alice Lee. It was a pathetic entrance into life—that of this world-loved bride of to-day. When she was three days old the crepe on the door was the symbol that death had claimed both the lovely young mother from the North and the soft-voiced grandmother from the South. On the 16th of February the two bodies were carried from the same church to the same cemetery and laid side by side in the same lot. Fighting against the despair which seized upon his soul, Assemblyman Roosevelt returned to his cheerless home. The motherless babe he confided to the care of a sister, now the wife of Commander W. S. Cowles of the United States navy, and he fled from the scene of his heart-breaking experiences to the ranch of the Maltese Cross, in Dakota. Every American who can read knows the history of the Roosevelts from that time on.

After three years, the widowed father married Miss Edith Carew, a friend of his childhood. Her attachment to the child instantly followed the first acquaintance and as the years have ripened this, the relationship has become as close, the sympathy and affection as tender and sincere as that between a natural mother and her child, and the pride of the mistress of the White House in the fair, slender girl with whom the whole world is in love could not be greater had the love-light which first greeted the baby Alice shone in her own eyes. She helped the father to make the girl's childhood an ideally happy one.

The girlhood days of Miss Alice were divided between Oyster Bay, New York City, Washington and Albany. She was 14 when her father went to the Spanish war. She was not quite 15 when the family took possession of the executive mansion at Albany and but a little past 17 when her father became Vice President. She was preparing to make her debut in the Bellamy Storer mansion at Washington, when the assassination of President McKinley changed all the family plans. It was several months after entering the White House that the eyes of the country began to catch glimpses of this charming young occupant of the presidential home. Hitherto she had attracted no attention, but as the daughter of an exceptionally popular President she soon became an object of more than ordinary interest. Early in January, 1902, she made her debut to society at a ball in the East room, where she stood Saturday as a bride.

Four years have transformed the slim, unconventional debutante into the self-possessed, self-reliant and well-poised bride at whose marriage altar the nations of the earth have laid their gifts.

The great series of events of Miss Roosevelt's life came in the tour of the Orient last summer, with Secretary Taft and his party and chaperoned by some of the foremost matrons of the country. The triumphal pageant began at San Francisco, where Representative Longworth joined the party. At Manila she received a royal welcome and clad in a viceregal gown was hailed as Princess Alice. She had a private audience with the Dowager Empress of China and the people of Japan called her the American princess and printed postal cards in her honor. The Sultan of Sulu, lineal descendant of Mohammed, asked her to marry him. Another asked the same privilege—whether upon the moonlit deck of the Manchuria or upon the beautiful inland sea of Japan, or amid the palms of the Moro country, or as they sat among the cherry blossoms and lotus buds of the Mikado's gardens, only they know. The answer to the proposal of the young man from Cincinnati, who was the son of her father's friend, was an aye. The formal announcement of the engagement was withheld until the President made it at the White House

Besides the tours above outlined, Miss Roosevelt has visited Cuba and Porto Rico and there, as elsewhere, the people thronged to meet her.

WEALTH, BRAINS, CHARACTER

Congressman Longworth an Able and Fortunate Man.

Nicholas Longworth, Representative in Congress of the First Ohio District, is fifteen years Miss Roosevelt's senior. He is the great-grandson of that Nicholas Longworth who, landing in Cincinnati in 1804, when it was a little river town, opened a law office and for defending a man accused of stealing a horse received two copper whisky stills which he exchanged for 33 acres of land which acquired a value of $2,000,000. Later he paid $1,500 for a cow pasture which acquired a value of $1,500,000 within his lifetime. When he died he paid more taxes than any man in the country except the senior Astor, his fortune being estimated at $15,000,000. This is the sum which Longworth will inherit, making him, within a few years, one of the wealthy men of the nation. He is a graduate of Harvard university, is fond of outdoor sports, is intensely interested in politics and ambitious to make a name for himself. He has no wish to be a financier and undoubtedly will devote himself to public life. Unlike his father-in-law, Mr. Longworth is no hunter. It is said he never killed a living thing in the chase. He is a good horseman, plays an expert game of golf, boxes, fences and indulges in hand-ball and tennis. He is one of the best swimmers in the country. Mr. Longworth's preliminary education was in the public schools of Cincinnati, where he was born. He received the degree of A. B. from Harvard in 1901, and later was admitted to the Cincinnati bar. He did not care to practice law, however, and found his time absorbed in looking after his estates and in meeting his business, social and political engagements.

Mr. Longworth's first essay in public life was a failure. He was defeated in his canvass for membership in the State Legislature in 1897, but was not discouraged. He ran again in 1899 and gained a victory. He next was elected to the State Senate, and in 1903 he was sent to Congress.

WED IN WHITE HOUSE

MR. LONGWORTH AND MISS ROOSEVELT MARRIED.

Ceremony Performed in Historic East Room—Bride the Famous Daughter of Famous Father—Groom Has Character and Wealth.

Washington correspondence:

No bride of recent years—and possibly none of any time—has been looked upon with such an amount of interest and been the object of so much mingled curiosity and admiration as the one who Saturday stood in the East room of the White House and linked her future with that of Nicholas Longworth.

No other American has been the recipient of such world-wide favors as Alice Roosevelt. The stream of gifts, rich in their intrinsic value and richer in their symbolism of the world's good will to us, has flown steadily for several weeks. The mysterious treasure boxes of ancient China and Japan; the jewels of the Orient and the art and skill of the Occident have been drawn upon in larger measure than ever before for a single bride to demonstrate that the nations of the earth take pleasure in honoring the daughter of the man who has done so much to advance the cause of peace and has aided so materially in bringing his own country to a position of world-recognized greatness. For the gifts which have been sent to Miss Roosevelt are not only a compliment to this young woman of striking personality, but are likewise a tribute of respect to her father and to the nation whose head he is.

On the other hand, it is a mistake to assume that it is only because she is her father's daughter that Miss Roosevelt is thus remembered. She shines not alone by reflected light, for her own individuality has that magnetism which wins admiration, both socially and popularly. The public has seen enough of Miss Alice to like her and the presents of silver and gold, of jewels and laces and other costly things which dazzled the guests at the White House are but trifling in comparison with that wealth of love and good will which goes out to her from the American people and which made her bridal altar not only the center of interest, but of solicitude as well.

In the East Room.

There were over 800 people at the White House Saturday, the company comprising the relatives and near friends of the two families and such guests as diplomacy demanded an invitation for. The disappointed ones number thousands. The East room had been tastefully decorted with plants, a bridal bower of palms, smilax, white carnations and orange blossoms being located in front of the central windows. Here an altar was erected, at which the couple stood, while Rt. Rev. Henry Y. Satterlee, bishop of the diocese, performed the ceremony, assisted by Rev. Roland Cotton Smith. The bridal party consisted of the best man—Thomas Nelson Perkins of Boston; the ushers—Frederick Winthrop of New York, B. A. Wallingford, Jr., of Cincinnati, Quincy A. Shaw, Francis R. Banks, Guy Norman and Larz Anderson of Boston, Viscount de Chambrun and Theodore Roosevelt, Jr. The bride leaned upon her father's arm, and before her walked her sister, Ethel. The march to the East room led through the beautiful grand corridor to the music of the Marine Band Orchestra.

Miss Alice wore one of the handsomest gowns ever turned out in this country. When she was in China the Dowager Empress presented her with oriental dress goods as rich as those worn by the Queen of Sheba. She was anxious to utilize these for an exquisite wedding gown, but her father objected, and had made for her, at a Paterson, N. J., mill, a fabric of special design. The gown is of white satin, in princess style, with a court train of broche, the design being a rose outlined in silver thread. The skirt is plain, tight fitting, with no trimming. Drapings of tulle, chiffon ruche, ruffles of lace, and a yoke of real rose point give the finishing touches to the gown. Orange blossoms fell loosely over the coiffure, which was a la pompadour, and the veil reached almost to the bottom of the train.

While she was prevented from having the wedding gown made of the exquisite Oriental shawls presented to her by the Dowager Empress of China she made use of these in some stunning tea gowns. One of these is a yellow gown of China silk, shirred at the shoulders, draping loosely to the feet and embroidered around the bottom with gold dragons. A space for the head to slip through is cut in the center of the shawl in such a way that it falls with a point back and front and over each shoulder, the effect being extremely beautiful. Another shawl is used in the making of a pink tea gown in kimono effect, the shawl being draped from the shoulder, caught under the arm and falling in long, graceful lines to the bottom of the chiffon underskirt.

After the ceremony and the wedding breakfast in the state dining room, Mrs. Longworth donned her going-away gown and the couple started on the honeymoon. The traveling gown was pale blue cloth, made with a circular skirt, trimmed with bands of cloth, and a short jacket and high girdle, the front trimmed with fancy braid in blue and white, with touches of silver. The hat of pale blue, to match the gown and turned up on one side with knot of tulle and a silver ornament holding the aigrette, which is the chief trimming.

Mr. and Mrs. Nicholas Longworth began their honeymoon by driving in an auto from the White House to Friendship, the country place of John R. McLean, eight miles away, and afterward started on a southern trip. The tour probably will include a visit to the home of Mrs. Longworth's grandmother at Roswell, Ga., and a voyage may be made to Cuba.

After the honeymoon the balance of the winter will be spent in Washington. Then the young couple go abroad.

Beautifully-Gowned Guests.

Miss Alice was not the only handsomely gowned woman at her wedding. The simple fact is that never in the history of weddings in this country has there been such preparation for resplendent gowning. The dressmakers of five cities—Washington, Baltimore, Philadelphia, New York and Boston—say that never before in their experience have such orders for wedding costumes been placed with them. Probably the handsomest gowns heretofore seen at any wedding in this country were at the Marlborough wedding in St. Thomas' Church, New York. It was a beautiful sight for a day ceremony, but it is said that the costumes at Miss Alice's wedding far surpassed even those at the Marlborough nuptials. The very fact that the guests were limited as to number seemed to be a stimulus for every woman there to look her best.

The presents were a most attractive display. The gift of hte French government was a beautiful tapestry, costing $25,000; that of the Cuban government a pearl necklace costing $25,000.

MR. AND MRS. LONGWORTH.



Nicholas Longworth, the Groom.

Born in Cincinnati, Nov. 5, 1869.

Educated there and was graduated from Harvard in 1891 with A. B. degree.

Year in Harvard Law School. Finished legal training in Cincinnati Law School. Admitted to Ohio bar in 1894.

Entered politics in 1898. A year later elected to the Ohio House of Representatives and afterward Senate.

Sent to Fifty-eighth Congress from First Ohio District. Made one speech in two years. Re-elected to Congress.

Devotee of athletic sports, but more of a musician than a student, having a Stradivarius on which he extemporizes.

Received a generous share of the Longworth estate and some day will inherit a large fortune.

Alice Roosevelt, the Bride.

Born Feb. 12, 1884, her mother being Alice Lee of Boston, first wife of Theodore Roosevelt.

Reared till 3 years of age by her aunt, now Mrs. William S. Cowles, when her father married Miss Edith Kermit Carew.

Spent her girlhood in New York and Boston, where she was educated.

"Brought out" Jan. 1, 1902, and began her social career by christening the Kaiser's yacht, Meteor.

Fond of outdoor sports, like her father. Of an impulsive, generous nature; quick to anger and quick to forgive.

Received like a princess on her recent trip to the Orient.

Inherited a comfortable fortune from her mother.



WEDDING CEREMONY IN THE EAST ROOM OF THE WHITE HOUSE. —Chicago American.



THE WHITE HOUSE.

TWITCHING NERVES

A Serious Hereditary Trouble Cured By Dr. Williams' Pink Pills.

Sufferers from ailments that have afflicted in regular succession one generation after another of their family are, as a rule, inclined to submit to them as inevitable. The case which follows proves that such hereditary difficulties are not beyond the reach of curative forces and should inspire hopefulness and a readiness to try remedies that have effected signal cures, such as that which is here given.

Mrs. Elizabeth Rannells, of No. 408 East Seventh street, Newton, Kansas, gives the following account of her ailment and her cure:

"For two years I suffered from a trying nervousness in my lower limbs from my knees down, as my mother and my grandmother had suffered before me. The situation was for many years accepted as unavoidable because hereditary. But about two years ago, when my son was realizing benefit from the use of Dr. Williams' Pink Pills, I thought there might possibly be some good in them for me. My trouble had then become so serious as to make it difficult for me to sleep. I often had to walk the floor in restlessness the whole night. After taking some six boxes the twitching disappeared and I ceased to use the remedy. I evidently stopped a little too soon for nervousness came back after a month or so and I used the pills again for a short time. Relief came at once and since I stopped using them the second time I have been free from any return of the twitchings or from any interference with my sleep."

Dr. Williams' Pink Pills have cured the worst cases of bloodlessness, indigestion, influenza, headaches, lumbago, sciatica, neuralgia, nervousness, spinal weakness and the special ailments of girls and women. For further information, address the Dr. Williams Medicine Co., Schenectady, N. Y.

Experimenting.

"You have a nice office here, Mr. Binks. Do you have many callers while you are working? How do you get rid of bores?"

"Tell 'em all about my rheumatism and what I do for it. I've tried everything, you know. Sometimes when I get up in the morning, I— What, must you be going? So long, old man! Works pretty well, by Jove!"—Cleveland Leader.

To Color Woolen Goods Black.

An old and reliable way to color black is to thoroughly dissolve 4 ozs. of extract of logwood in three gallons of warm water; add 2 ozs. blue vitriol and 1 oz. copperas. Wet the goods well, then put into the dye and let simmer, stirring often, until dark enough. Wash two or three times in a strong suds of Ivory Soap. Rinse and press while damp.

ELEANOR R. PARKER.

Easy to See.

The Lady—You'll excuse me, but you don't travel on this car line often, do you, sir?

The Gentleman—No, madam. How do you know?

The Lady—You gave me your seat.

The Gentleman—And you don't travel on this line often yourself.

The Lady—What makes you think so?

The Gentleman—You thanked me.—Cleveland Leader.

Dog Turns Sleuth.

A German dog was the means of catching the two assailants of its master, the latter being unable to give a description of the ruffians. The dog had made no outcry during the attack, and his owner was preparing to give the animal away when word was sent to the police station that two men had been arrested upon suspicion, and that perhaps the dog might be able to recognize them. It did and they confessed.

Perseverance.

Born in poverty, reared in obscurity, little Tad suffered many handicaps through youth, and never knew what it was to have a penny to get gum drops or licorice root.

Did he lose hope? No; he persevered until he is now opulent, for little Tad has become a plumber.—Indianapolis Star.

Mercenary.

"Do you think that the corporation men are going to run the government?"

"No," answered Senator Sorghum, "I don't think they will give their time to it so long as corporations pay so much larger salaries than the government."—Washington Star.

UNDER WHICH KING.

"The More Postum the More Food—the More Coffee the More Poison."

The President of the W. C. T. U. in a young giant State in the Northwest says:

"I did not realize that I was a slave to coffee till I left off drinking it. For three or four years I was obliged to take a nerve tonic every day. Now I am free, thanks to Postum Food Coffee.

"After finding out what coffee will do to its victims, I could hardly stand to have my husband drink it; but he was not willing to quit. I studied for months to find a way to induce him to leave it off. Finally I told him I would make no more coffee.

"I got Postum Food Coffee, and made it strong—boiled it the required time, and had him read the little book, 'The Road to Wellville,' that comes in every pkg.

"To-day Postum has no stronger advocate than my husband! He tells our friends how to make it, and that he got through the winter without a spell of the grip and has not had a headache for months—he used to be subject to frequent nervous headaches.

"The stronger you drink Postum the more food you get; the stronger you drink coffee the more poison you get." Name given by Postum Co., Battle Creek, Mich.

There's a reason.

ILLINOIS STATE NEWS

$125,000 FIRE LOSS IN AURORA.

Spectacular Blaze in Early Morning Burns Out Manufacturers.

Fire which destroyed the Stolp Woolen Mills building, on Stolp's Island, Aurora, Sunday morning, with an estimated loss of $125,000, for a time threatened the western portion of the business district of the city. The blaze originated, it is thought, in the Newmoyer Wrapper Company's factory, which occupied part of the Stolp building, and spread rapidly through the structure. Immediately east of the building is the postoffice and city hall. The fire department, by hard work, saved these two structures. A few minutes after the fire started the Stolp building was a mass of flames, which burst through the roof. A stiff breeze carried blazing embers to the west side of the river, a distance of two blocks, but no damage was done there. The Stolp building was occupied by the following manufacturing firms, whose losses will be heavy: American Suspender Company, Newmoyer Wrapper Manufacturing Company, Messinger & Parks, cornicemakers, and Miller Signal Company. Adjoining the burned building were the hairdressing shop of Miss Fanny Lightcap and the millinery store of Mrs. Wilford Kinney, whose losses will be heavy. The Christian Science church was burned out, but some of the effects were saved.

BIG LOSS IN SUICIDE'S BANK.

Dead Peoria Pastor's Institution to Pay Only 50 Per Cent.

Fred Wilton, receiver of the People's Savings bank of Peoria, of which Rev. George Simmons, who committed suicide, was president, is authority for the statement that from present indications the bank cannot pay much above 50 cents on the dollar. Wilton was appointed receiver for the bank after the private box of the late Dr. Simmons was opened and found to contain nothing of value. He made a hasty examination of the assets. With the failure to find any contract for the sale of $30,000 of stock, the block of stock held as an asset by the bank has dwindled to a question mark. Further developments indicate that not over two-thirds of the stock, whatever its value, actually belonged to Simmons or the bank. The inventory made by Wilton summed up the resources of the bank at about $60,000, with liabilities which will run above $110,000 and may reach $130,000. The bank building is owned by the bank and bears a mortgage of $8,000. Its value to the bank is placed at about $35,000 clear of the mortgages. Rev. M. P. Boynton of Chicago occupied the pulpit of Dr. Simmons Sunday and talked on the frailties of human life.

ZION TEACHER BURNED.

Accident to Woman School Principal in Lighting Stove.

The tragic death of John Alexander Dowie's only daughter, Esther, burned to death four years ago, was recalled the other day by a similar accident, in which Miss Stella Smith, principal of one of the Zion City schools, was perhaps fatally injured. Her home is warmed by an oil heater, fed from a storage tank. Miss Smith arose early to start the fire, but the connecting pipe had sprung a leak and the escaping oil took fire. In attempting to extinguish it the woman's clothing took fire, and before other members of the family could reach her, a large portion of the surface of her body had been badly burned. A protecting coating of oil was applied, but, in accordance with Zion doctrines, no medical assistance was given. Prayer was offered for the girl at the afternoon Zion meeting, and officers of the church were at Miss Smith's bedside most of the day.

RICH NEGRO LEAVES NO HEIRS.

Former Slave of Ex-Governor Yates, Sr., Dies in Morgan County.

No trace of the heirs of Henry Washington, an aged negro, who died recently in Morgan county, can be found. He left an estate of $20,000, largely in government bonds, and it probably will go to the county treasury. Washington was the body servant of Gov. Richard Yates, Sr., during the Civil War. He was brought to central Illinois in 1802 from Hilton Head, S. C., by Gov. Yates, and the action created a storm of indignation because a slave had been brought to a free State. Washington served as cook during the closing years of the war with the One Hundred and First Illinois infantry. The old man frequently stated before his death that so far as he knew he did not have a relative.

KILLS HIMSELF AND HIS WIFE.

Domestic Troubles Lead to a Double Tragedy at Kewanee.

After killing his wife by shooting her twice through the heart Michael Nolan placed her body in a corner of the basement of their residence in Kewanee and wrote a note telling of domestic troubles and indicating his wishes as to the disposal of his extensive property interests. He then shot himself through the brain, his body falling across that of his wife. The bodies were cold when found by a boarder, who was the third occupant of the house. Nolan was a city policeman many years and was highly regarded. He was 38 years old.

DEATH WIPES OUT DISGRACE.

Peoria Residents Manifest Sorrow at Funeral of Dr. Simmons.

That death has wiped out the disgrace of Rev. George H. Simmons, late pastor of the First Baptist church, who killed himself rather than face exposure, was shown when 1,500 residents of Peoria gathered at his funeral in the church over which he once presided. Rev. John Whiting of Kewanee preached the sermon, calling to mind the ceaseless activity of Dr. Simmons in his lifetime, and the good work he had done for the church and city. Public sentiment has thrown a mantle of charity over the pastor's tragic death.

All Over the State.

The high waters in Rock river for the past month have caused enormous loss to manufacturers.

Calvin Rice of Windsor, who was accidentally shot in the leg while hunting, died from blood poisoning.

Fire destroyed the building at 417-19 East Jefferson street, Springfield, owned by John W. Crefton of Chicago. The loss is $30,000.

The Rev. Arthur C. Baldwin of Ballston, N. Y., has accepted a call to the Baptist church at Aurora. He will take up his new work March 1.

Suit for $25,000 was filed by Miss Maggie Haggerty of Peoria against Thomas Bruce Holmes of that city, the plaintiff alleging breach of promise.

Michael Craver, a well-known stock buyer and prominent citizen of Rock Falls, pleaded guilty to forgery and was sentenced to an indeterminate term in the penitentiary.

While attempting to cross the Kankakee river on the ice at Waldron Clinton Case stepped into an air hole and disappeared. William Watson, a companion, was nearly drowned while trying to rescue Case.

The hog with which George W. Seckman of Mount Sterling won the first prize at the St. Louis world's fair, and which at one time weighed 1,120 pounds, was sold by Mr. Seckman for $5,000, the record price for a hog.

Mrs. August Luebbers was killed and her husband fatally injured at the railroad crossing west of Itasca. They were returning to their home near Bloomingdale when their carriage was struck by the St. Paul limited.

The furniture factory of A. J. Johnson & Sons, 233-241 Noble street, Chicago, was damaged to the extent of $20,000 by a fire which threatened a three-story frame dwelling next door and drove the occupants into the street.

The selection of C. E. Wyman and wife of Beardstown as superintendent and matron of the Illinois Odd Fellows' Home at Mattoon is announced. They succeed J. A. Rickard and wife, who recently resigned owing to criticisms.

In Justice S. J. Wise's court in Harrisburg, Grant Burlison, John Burlison, Sherman Burlison and May Burlison, wife of Sherman Burlison, were bound over to await the action of the grand jury, charged with the murder of Ralph Willis.

Aware that a sentence of death may be inflicted, John Wichert, 20 years old, who drowned his 3-months-old baby in the Chicago river last July, pleaded guilty before Judge Smith. Judge Smith continued the case to permit witnesses to testify before sentence is passed.

William Degrofft, a director of the First National bank at Mansfield, committed suicide at that place by hanging himself to a rafter in his barn. Worry over the affairs of the bank caused by former Cashier Langley's defalcation is assigned as the cause.

Depositors of the People's Savings Bank at Peoria held a mass meeting and threatened the arrest of Rev. E. L. Kelly, business partner of the late Rev. George Simmons, the bank's president, who, they charge, was in control of the institution and should have known of its condition.

Henry L. Diemert, carrier of rural free delivery route No. 3, was held up by a band of gypsies six miles east of Waterloo. They asked him for a match and then two men seized him by the throat and choked him, while a gypsy girl searched him and took 35 cents from him.

Before the eyes of her mother, who stood in the doorway watching her on her way to school, Winifred Hatton, 7 years old, was struck by a Northwestern train at Waukegan and hurled forty feet. The child's skull was crushed. When the little one's mother reached her life was extinct.

Miss Estella Smith, principal of the Twenty-sixth street school, Zion City, who was burned by an explosion of oil, is dead. She received no medical attention other than to have her burns dressed with vaseline. Elders and deaconesses prayed for her recovery and reported for a time that she was improving. It is asserted the woman vainly asked for medical aid.

Miss Mary E. Holmes, who, with her father, Rev. Mead Holmes, founded the Mary Holmes Seminary at Westpoint, Miss., died at her home in Rockford. She was a graduate of Rockford college and earned degrees at the University of Michigan. She was formerly editor of the Freeman's Journal, published in the interest of the negro, and was known for her geological researches.

Charles E. Raines, Mayor of Milford, and Gilbert Vennum, a politician of Milford, who were bound over to the grand jury on the charge of enticing Myrtle Taylor, aged 16 years, and Essie Childs, aged 18 years, were rearrested on the charge of spiriting away witnesses in the first case. Both were bound over to the grand jury, each furnishing $2,000 bail. Both Raines and Vennum declare they are victims of a conspiracy.

On the order of Coroner Baker, John S. Smith, block [illegible] operator at West Chillicothe on the night of Jan. 22, when Santa Fe train No. 6 was wrecked and four employes killed, was arrested on a warrant charging manslaughter. Smith admits his carelessness, but lays the blame on the dispatcher. A warrant has also been issued for George Weatherwax of Chicago, conductor of No. 6. Smith is held without bond.

C. Tutt Penwell, aged 29, son of Mr. and Mrs. G. V. Penwell of Chicago and one of the best known coal operators of the State, was killed in Pana by being run over by a locomotive. He was identified with the business interests of the city in various concerns, owning large holdings in the Penwell Coal Company, of which he was secretary; the Pana Telephone Company and building associations. His father, it is said, had a premonition that he was wanted in Pana and arrived the same

BUILDING ASSOCIATIONS GAIN.

Prosperous Conditions for Organizations Shown in State Report.

General prosperous conditions exist among the building and loan associations of Illinois, according to the annual report on these organizations, submitted to Gov. Deneen by Auditor McCullough. In a recapitulation of the report the auditor says: "Three hundred and thirty-three associations of a total number of 505 show an increase in assets during the year, the net amount in the State being $1,021,-065.01, or about 5 per cent. Chicago associations again show a loss of business, which makes the country showing the more favorable. Loans in force have been augmented $2,500,000, only a small percentage being made to other than shareholders. In considering this improvement the fact should not be overlooked that a number of associations have inaugurated the custom of periodical settlement with borrowing members, each member receiving credit upon his loan for the amount of dues paid, the balance being placed in the current series or class. A reduction of real estate (usually undesirable) of almost $400,000, representing over 20 per cent of the holdings shown last year, is a significant exhibit. On the other hand, the sum set aside under the law as a reserve or contingent fund against losses from securities or otherwise has increased 4.36 per cent, reaching the sum of $415,188.34, or 33.74 per cent upon the real estate on hand. Over $2,250,000 was disbursed as interest and profit on canceled stock, 41,-274¾ shares having been paid at par value during the year. The number of shares sold during that period is 304,-466¼, resulting in a net gain at the close of the year of 44,555 shares."

FIRE WRECKS CHICAGO CHURCH.

Methodist Structure Is Destroyed Swiftly by Flames.

St. Paul's Methodist Episcopal church, at West Harrison street and Ashland boulevard, Chicago, was wrecked by fire, with a loss of $100,000. A costly entablature, symbolizing the Holy Family, was a prey to the flames, as were other works of art. Thirty minutes after the fire was discovered in the basement of the church by William Martin, janitor, six large beams supporting the dome broke. The upper part of the building fell in with a crash that was heard for blocks. The spire, which was more than 150 feet high, fell inward, part of it striking the roof of a building to the south. The janitor had started a fire in the furnace to have the church heated for a meeting of the Anti-Cigarette League. The furnace became overheated, causing the fire. The church was completed two years ago. It was recognized as one of the most elaborately decorated churches on the West Side. Rev. Harold E. Holt is the pastor of the congregation.

URGES FINES FOR UNMARRIED.

Anti-Race Suicide Candidate Says Wed Early and Serve Country.

"Marry early in life and get all the children you can. It is the best way to serve your country. A fine of $20 per year ought to be imposed upon every bachelor and old maid inside of a city corporation," said Edmond Beall, "stork's nest" Mayor of Alton, and candidate for Congress, in an interview on the subject, "American Babies." "In comparison to the number of births to foreigners on American soil we are being outnumbered ten to one," he continued, "and must awaken or else at some future day this element will overcharge our country, control the polls and overthrow it. People in America are not getting enough babies."

WOMEN ATTACK SMOKING CARS.

Illinoisans Start National Movement to Have Them Abolished.

A movement on the part of the women of the country to abolish smoking cars and smoking compartments in coaches on railroad trains has been taken up by the Women's Christian Temperance Union of Galesburg. The local union at its last session decided that smokers were annoying, insanitary and altogether "nasty," and protested especially that tobacco fumes drifted from the smoking compartments when the car doors were opened. Committees were appointed to prepare national protests to be sent to every union in the country, with the intention of presenting a great petition to the heads of all railroads.

OPEN LOCAL OPTION FIGHT.

Ministers of Elgin Begin Movement for "Dry Town."

Elgin may soon become a "dry" town. In secret session thirty ministers and committees from the churches met at the Y. M. C. A. and discussed plans for placing in the various wards "no license" candidates. This revives the local option agitation. Elgin has thirty saloons and each pays a $1,000 license. The proprietors are much exercised over the movement.

MAYOR IS HELD FOR CRIME.

Milford Official Must Await Action On Ugly Charge.

Charles E. Raines, Mayor of Milford, and Gilbert Vennum, a politician of Milford, are under arrest, charged with enticing Myrtle Taylor, 16 years old, into a room. Raines is also charged with enticing Essie Childs, 18 years old. Both were bound over to await the action of a grand jury. Raines gave bonds of $2,000 and Vennum $1,000.

DREAM BETRAYS PRISONER.

Former Convict Prays in Sleep and Is Held for Burning Hotel.

Mike Dugan, who has a penitentiary record, is a prisoner in the Monmouth jail, held by orders of the chief of police of Minneapolis. Dugan in his sleep prayed for forgiveness for setting fire to the West hotel at Minneapolis. The officers believe they may have the man who set fire to the hotel.

HEINZE LETS GO.

Transfer of Copper Mines Made to Amalgamated Company.

The seven years' war of the copper magnates in Montana, which has filled the courts with lawsuits in which $400,-000,000 was involved, and which has been one of the greatest financial struggles on record, came to an end Tuesday. The treaty of peace between F. Augustus Heinze, the spectacular, and Amalgamated was the direct result of the deals which have resulted in the formation of a giant copper and lead trust.

The first public act in this connection was the filing at Butte, Mont., of papers by which all the mining ground held by Heinze, or the United Copper Company, the ownership of which is in dispute, was transferred to Thomas F. Cole as trustee. The transfer also includes the smelter of the Montana Ore Purchasing Company, a Heinze corporation.

As to terms the United Copper Company receives $25,000,000, part cash and part stock, of the new company. The proportion of cash is placed at $15,000,-000 to $20,000,000. Under the new arrangement the United Copper output, which has been 40,000,000 pounds of refined copper a year, will be reduced to 12,000,000 or 15,000,000 pounds.

The new company, starting with a production of 25,000,000 to 30,000,000 pounds, will increase that to some 75,-000,000 pounds by opening up properties which have been closed by injunction.

F. Augustus Heinze entered the Montana copper field in 1895 as an engineer. He soon started a smelter and in a little while became a big factor in the copper field. Meantime Heinze got into trouble with his rivals over disputed territory, and lawsuits were started. In 1899 the famous Amalgamated company was organized. It was headed by Marcus Daly, who was backed by the Rockefellers, H. H. Rogers, James Stillman and other Standard Oil financiers. Heinze fought the whole crowd, and his knowledge of local conditions gave him an immense advantage.

TORREY PREACHES TO 15,000.

Converts in Philadelphia Number 200 in One Day.

Fifteen thousand persons tried to gain admittance to the afternoon and evening Torrey-Alexander revival meetings in the Philadelphia armory Tuesday. More than 200 converts were recorded as the result of the day's work. The meeting in the afternoon was for women only and that at night for men only. They were declared to be the largest separate congregations of men and women that ever gathered for religious services in Philadelphia. In the rush to get into the armory one woman fell and fractured her nose.

The whole city is in the throes of the revival movement. It is the chief topic of conversation in the street cars, in stores and at the dinner table. Even political issues are being lost sight of in the religious enthusiasm.

Striking effects of the revival campaign are being felt. The policemen of the three districts in the neighborhood of the armory declare that they have had little or nothing to do since the revival began. One day last week when the magistrates appeared for the hearings in these districts not a single prisoner was arraigned.

Startling Trade Figures.

The final trade statistics for the year 1905 confirm the figures of the preliminary forecasts and show a phenomenal degree of prosperity throughout the country. So enormous was the product of farm, mine and factory that, had it been moved at one time, it would have filled 33,184,857 freight cars, 4,000,000 more than would have been required in the prosperous year of 1904. Thirty-three million freight cars, if made up into one train of fabulous length, would extend for a distance of 224,400 miles, or would girdle the earth about nine times at the equator. If this mythical train, with the 825,000 locomotives which would be required to haul it, had traveled out into space on a trip to the moon, the leading moguls would have been puffing through the valleys of the earth's satellite before the conductor's buggy had rumbled out of the freight yards at the starting point. Merely to store the cars and engines in such a train would require the use of nearly all the railway mileage in the United States.

Sparks from the Wires.

The general staff of the army has adopted the French straight and curb bits for the use of the cavalry.

An order for the winding up of the affairs of the Dominion Mills Company of Bracebridge, Ont., was issued at Toronto.

Foreign ambassadors in Washington have abandoned their plan of sending an official wedding gift to Miss Alice Roosevelt.

James Hazen Hyde has been sued by the Equitable Life Assurance Society for $72,000, representing alleged syndicate profits.

The Grand Trunk Pacific railroad will ask the Canadian parliament for franchises for twenty-three branch lines in Canadian Pacific territory.

A member of the Westchester Country Club, near New York, is being sought as the abductor of the daughter of a titled Englishman from Honolulu.

Mrs. W. M. Barton, wife of a Washington (D. C.) physician, was attacked by a "slasher." Her gown was badly cut, but she escaped injury.

Women of the Minerva Club, New York, have secured the indorsement of college presidents and are framing a law to make hazing in colleges a crime.

Dr. Henry S. Conrad of Johns Hopkins university says that the sundew, a plant growing in swamps, can see, feel and taste, but lacks the sense of hearing.

In a street crowd at San Francisco William Walbridge, a laborer, shot and seriously wounded his wife, slightly injured two bystanders and killed himself.

Father L. L. Conrady, who succeeded Father Damien, in charge of the Hawaiian colony, is completing plans in New York for establishing leper colonies in China.

The trustees of the Carnegie School of Technology at Pittsburg have received a letter from Andrew Carnegie thanking them for naming the woman's department after his mother.

Justice Joseph M. Deuel, who lost his libel suit against Norman Hapgood recently, declares the Town Topics suit has destroyed his usefulness and he will resign from the New York bench.

MAY BE COMPROMISE.

MIDDLE GROUND LIKELY IN MOROCCAN CONFERENCE.

France and Germany May Not Agree on Vital Questions—Hitch Over Police for the Sultan—Grave Situation Has Confronted Delegates.

The Algeciras conference on Moroccan affairs has now been freed of most of the minor questions before it, and finds itself fast approaching the graver situation which heretofore caused the serious strain in the relations between France and Germany. This issue, a press dispatch says, hinges on who shall control the affairs of Morocco, as it appears to be recognized that whoever controls this semi-military organization will control Morocco itself. The delegates to the conference have shown increasing anxiety at the approach of this issue, knowing the intense feeling it has aroused between France and Germany, and accordingly the representatives of the disinterested powers are redoubling their efforts to secure an accord before the question reaches the open conference and thereby avert a deadlock. Various plans are being discussed. The ambassadors say they are hopeful that a middle ground will be found that will be acceptable to both countries; but they admit the extreme difficulty of finding such a ground owing to the firmness both France and Germany thus far have made against making concessions which each country feels will involve the fate of Morocco. On the one hand France wants control of the semi-military force, and on the other hand Germany objects to such control on the ground that it would make France the virtual master of Morocco's political future. These positions are so radically opposed as to appear almost irreconcilable, yet the neutral delegates are continuing their pacific offices toward finding a common ground acceptable to both countries.

Some Compromise Plans.

The ambassadors strongly oppose the disclosure of the various tentative plans for a compromise, saying that publicity tends to excite the opposition of one side or the other and wreck the best efforts of diplomacy. However, some of the compromise projects are on the following general lines:

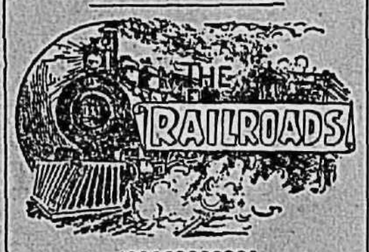
The first is to leave the police to the Sultan of Morocco, thus avoiding Germany's objection to French control and that of France to international control.

This compromise is distasteful to France, but the neutral delegates are seeking to reconcile French opposition to it, by pointing out that the Sultan would have to rely upon France to officer, instruct, and discipline the police.

Another compromise vaguely put forward is to give Spain or some other of the powers a share with France in the organization of the police. This again meets with the opposition to having France participate in any control of the police.

Still another compromise, apparently having the approval of Germany, is to institute an international police for a limited and experimental period, and if the experiment fails, France will then be in a position to assume the organization of the police. France, however, shows no disposition to accept the plan for an international police system, even for an experimental period.

These and other plans will have to undergo constant revision owing to the opposition of the various elements. Nothing as yet has been reduced to writing, as neither Germany nor France is prepared to definitely disclose just how far they are willing to go in the way of concessions.



It is now possible to travel completely around the world upon the Canadian Pacific Railway and its allied steamship lines.

The Transcontinental Passenger Association is considering the advisability of cutting off many of the places to which summer tourist rates have hitherto been sold.

The Norfolk and Western has closed a contract for seventy-five locomotives to be built by the American Locomotive Works. They are both for passenger and freight use.

As soon as it became known on the stock exchange Monday that the Gillespie resolution calling for an investigation of the Pennsylvania railroad had passed the House, the prices of railroad and industrial stocks and securities began to fall rapidly. Pennsylvania stock fell off 2¼ points and all the others on the list were affected.

With due respect to other good roads east of Chicago the New York Central lines were unconsciously laid out by Commodore Vanderbilt so that as a finished product they represent a water course rather than a railway system. They were built on lines of least resistance and flow from the Mississippi to the Atlantic like a number of streams tributary to one big one. The peculiar feature of the New York Central system is that the different lines feed naturally on a water level grade from the middle West to the Atlantic ocean, while not another road escapes the high grades and mountains.



Two Brotherhoods Unite.

That the National Brotherhood of Carpenters and Joiners and the National Brotherhood of Woodworkers will be amalgamated within a short time was officially announced at Indianapolis the other day. President Gompers of the American Federation of Labor, who was there last week, was instrumental in bringing about the proposed merger. The time of the consolidation remains to be fixed.

Two years ago at the national convention of the carpenters and joiners the executive board was authorized to extend an invitation to the rival union to join forces. Several joint meetings have been held, but none materialized any plans until last week. Fourteen men compose the executive boards of the unions. They are vested with full power to act. Secretary Duffy of the carpenters said: "All we have to decide is the date for the amalgamation. We cannot unite at once, as it would be unfair to contractors who employ men in our craft. A date can be set and all differences be bridged over without injury to either union or the employers. The woodworkers should belong to the Carpenters and Joiners' Union. It is true the former do inside work in houses and mills. They have a membership of about 10,000. But on the other hand we have a membership of about 195,000, and probably 45,000 men are inside workmen. The move will be a mutual benefit."

Industrial Notes.

The Lackawanna railroad firemen have been granted 77 per cent of their demands. The agreement for the ensuing year has been signed by the officers of the Firemen's Board and of the railroad company.

Estimates prepared for the national convention of United Mine Workers at Indianapolis show that 800,000 persons in the anthracite coal region are directly dependent upon the mines for support, being the wives and children of the mine workers and the mine workers themselves.

N. G. Meads of Red Lion, Pa., who was recently convicted for using counterfeit union cigar labels, was fined $500 and the costs of prosecution, $300 more. The case was first tried in 1904. It was appealed to the Superior Court and from there referred back for retrial on the ground that there were errors in the charge of the judge.

With the delivery to the warehouses by the local farmers of their crops of tobacco raised last summer, hundreds of persons in Lancaster, Pa., have been given employment in assorting and packing the leaf into cases. There are more than 100 warehouses in that city alone. During the remainder of the winter they will give steady employment to 1,000 persons.

In the entire United States the ratio of unionists to population is 1 to 29, while in the State of New York it is 1 to 18 and in Illinois 1 to 16.7. In Colorado, with 411 trades unions, a total membership of 48,837 is reported, which is 1 to 11 of population. In agricultural States, like Missouri, the ratio of trades union members to total population is, of course, less.

The Union Label League in Chicago is planning an object lesson campaign for the benefit of the union label. Fairs and "label shows" are to be given in halls all the way from the northern limits of the city to South Chicago. Stereopticon slides showing existing conditions in non-union and union shops will be a feature of the displays, which will embrace all classes of goods bearing the union label. The union bakers will have an oven at each show and will bake union label bread.

The last bulletin issued by the New York bureau of labor says: "While the general public hears little about trade union activity, except when business suffers interruption through the concerted effort of workingmen in some trade to reduce working hours or advance wages, there are some citizens who realize what the trade union movement is accomplishing in the assimilation of the hordes of aliens that are gradually being absorbed in the body politic. Other critics realize what unionism has done, and is now doing, to relieve public charitable institutions of heavy burdens, it being well understood among charity workers that applicants for assistance are seldom observed in the ranks of labor unions."

Pennsylvania Insurance Graft.

The report of the legislative insurance investigation committee was submitted to the Pennsylvania Legislature Tuesday, and the attention of Gov. Pennypacker and his Attorney General is called to the testimony, which is believed to be sufficient for successful criminal prosecution of former Commissioners of Insurance Loper, Lambert, Durham and their subordinates for having received the actuary's fees. Especially during Durham's administration attention is called to the payment of large sums to dummy employes. Radical changes in the methods of conducting the insurance department are recommended to the Legislature. It was shown that Durham's man, Erb, had drawn at least $141,000 in fees and over $17,000 for mythical services.

Japanese Invasion Discounted.

Japanese laborers employed in the construction work of the Western Pacific railroad and the refusal to hire more after a thorough trial is being exploited in some quarters to offset the charge of organized labor that the introduction of Japanese would injure American laboring interests. The railroad is said to have found the Japanese too light for the work, and that they fell below the standard of white labor in both quantity and quality of work done.

Composite Italian Cabinet.

Sig. Sonnio, an Italian Conservative leader, got together a mixed ministry Thursday, following the fall of the Fortis government. The new cabinet is mainly Conservative, but it contains Sig. Sacchi, the Radical leader, as minister of justice, and Sig. Pantano, a Republican, as minister of agriculture. On request of the King, the ministers of war and marine were continued.

Book and job printers of Boston declared a strike against all firms refusing the demand for an eight-hour day.

WATCH FOR OUR Grand Spring Opening. It will be of surprising interest to you.

ECONOMY CENTER.

THIS ADVERTISEment contains Hints of Helpfulness from the Greatest Store in Lake County.

ECONOMY CENTER.

WATCH FOR OUR Grand Spring Opening. It will be of surprising interest to you.

Hein & Stein Co

212 N. Genesee Street, Waukegan, Ill. Next Door to American Express Office.

THIS STORE OFfers the Best that the Skill of Man was Able to Design.

3-DAY SALE OF EARLY ARRIVALS

At Price-Clipping Figures that will Make Things Hum in Advance of the Season. Three Days Only---

SATURDAY MONDAY TUESDAY

THERE IS A BOND of sympathy between Our Prices and Your Purse.

DURING these three days we shall make special drive on everything in the store in order to stimulate interest in the new spring arrivals, but the items quoted have been picked as sure winners—every one of the highest grade that you cannot buy elsewhere at anywhere near the low prices we make. This sale is a spring trade tonic especially prescribed for discriminating but economical buyers. Here you can pick and choose at random and secure some most astonishing values—charming creations offered for such little sums that it is really cheaper to buy now than to overlook them. All you need to do is Compare. Half a dozen stores are shouting "Buy of us!" Who knows? Maybe they are beating us! Go and see. We surely don't deserve your money if we can't give you better returns. We are proud of the shopping done on our hook. We venture to say that the reports will be "HEIN-ORNSTEIN'S VALUES ARE THE BEST!" But make sure—we will stand or fall by your verdict.

12 An Even Dozen of Remarkable Values. 12

The Biggest Skirt and Petticoat Offer ever made.

$2.98 Handsome Skirts, circular style, the latest out, all wool material, in black and also the new gray shades so much in demand, well worth $6.00, for this special sale..... **$2.98**

$3.98 Silk Petticoats, heavy rustling taffeta silk, any lady would be glad to secure these later in the season at $6.00, for this special sale at the low price of..... **$3.98**

$1.50 and $2 White, and Black and White Check Waists at 59c.

59c Black and white Check Waists, made of fine soft challie, in all sizes, well made, only 25 dozen in the lot, regular $1.50 garments, this sale only.... **59c**

59c Another lot of 25 dozen black and white Check Waists, madras cloth, silk embroidered dots, $2 garments, a sacrifice, but they are offered for this special sale at only..... **59c**

59c We have been successful in securing 25 doz. more of those beautiful white Indian Waists, nicely embroidered, they went like hot cakes before, offered for the last time at..... **59c**

$6 Taffeta Silk and Lace Waists at only $1.98 and $2.98.

$1.98 A splendid lot of Taffeta Silk Waists, swell Garments, all colors, broken sizes, but values run up to $6, are all offered for this sale at.. **$1.98**

$2.98 This is a special Lace Waist bargain, a splendid garment, baby Irish lace, worth $4.50, handsome and the very latest out, for this special sale at only..... **$2.98**

Phenominal Values in Muslin Underwear.

15c A choice lot of handsome Muslin Corset Covers, wide Torchon lace, a splendid value at 29c, for this special sale at only..... **15c**

$1.98 Handsome White Petticoats, embroidery or lace trimmed, wide dust ruffle, 12 and 15 in. flounce, worth $2, for this special sale at.. **$1.98**

49c A superb lot of Night Gowns, soft finish cambric, three styles to select from, dollar value, for this special sale at only..... **49c**

19c Muslin Drawers, well made, hemstiched or embroidered, a splendid value at 39c, for this sale at. **19c**

25c Buys a 75c Dressing Sacque-Kimona.

25c Dressing Sacque-Kimona, fine French Lawn, small figures on white ground, colored border for collar, front and sleeves, a garment well worth 75c, for this special sale at..... **25c**

WE SUPPLY ALL the Style and Dash the Fashion Calls For.

YOU MUST SEE OUR Large Assortment in Order to Appreciate the Scope of this Store.

A Confirmation Department will be Found Here in Ample Season.

A most complete and up-to-date assortment of Confirmation Goods will be found in this store in the near future. This line has been selected with a view to supplying the needs of every purse.

HAVE YOU SEEN OUR DISPLAY WINDOWS?

It is certainly worth while for anyone to walk down Genesee street occasionally just on purpose to view the beautiful window displays of the Big Store, as they are arranged from time to time. There we show new selections from the various departments. We believe these windows will give you many suggestions for stylish and economical dressing. Certainly you will get many ideas concerning the new styles and designs that are coming in daily. And when you've looked at the windows we will be glad to show you through the store.

THERE ARE NO "IFS" and "ANDS" ABOUT IT.

This store offers better inducements in variety of assortments, styles and low prices than can be found on State street. The best proof is a comparison of prices, quality of goods, and the fact that we have hundreds of pleased patrons, who, before the opening of this great store did their shopping in Chicago. Now they save time and money and find comfort and satisfaction in shopping here.

CAR FARE REFUNDED.

In purchases amounting to $3.00 or more Car Fare will be Refunded to out-of-town customers. In addition to this we save you money on every item. You can do much better at this store than you can on State street. You not only save money here, but find comfort and satisfaction in your shopping.——If you have ever given us a trial, we need worry no more, for we know that we have a satisfied customer, but if you have never bought from us, give us a trial, and we feel safe that we will please you in price and quality of goods, and we'll be sure to make a steady customer of you.

REMEMBER! A child can buy as cheaply as an adult at this store. All prices marked in plain red figures, and we make special efforts to look after the wants of the young folks when they are sent to shop for their elders. ANY PURCHASE THEY MAKE THAT IS UNSATISFACTORY WILL BE CHEERFULLY EXCHANGED BY US. **REMEMBER!**

WATCH FOR OUR Grand Spring Opening. It will be of Surprising Interest to you.

WE SELL EVERYthing in Wearables for Women and Children---Except Shoes.

WATCH FOR OUR Grand Spring Opening. It will be of Surprising Interest to you.